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THE MORNING STAR.

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VOL. LIX.—NO. 43. WILMINGTON, N. C., WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 11, 1896. WHOLE NO. 9,034

Entered at the Postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., as Second-class Mail Matter.

The Weather.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE.
WEATHER BUREAU,
WILMINGTON, N. C., Nov. 11.

Meteorological data for yesterday:

Temperature: 8 a. m., 46°; 8 p. m., 58°; maximum, 67°; minimum, 43°; mean, 53°.

Rainfall for the day, .00; rainfall since 1st of month up to date, 1 93.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., Nov. 9.—At 8 a. m., the stage of the water in the Cape Fear river was 10.4 feet.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

For North Carolina and South Carolina—Generally fair; warmer; southerly winds.

OUTLINES.

The returns received by the Department of Agriculture, though meagre, indicate a somewhat greater yield of cotton than was promised in last month's report. —— Kentucky's Democratic campaign committee has strong hopes of electing two if not three Bryan electors. —— For the first time in several years the Treasury is receiving gold in considerable quantities for payment of custom duties. ——The gold reserve increased to $122,234,315 yesterday. —— The Treasury deficit since July 1st, 1895, amounts to $37,342,000. —— An Armenian village was plundered by the Turks, who killed one hundred of the inhabitants and burned fifty houses. —— The Venezuelan Commission met in Washington, with all the members present; the secretary of the Commission states that it is probable that the boundary dispute between Great Britain and Venezuela will be settled by arbitration at an early day. —— Democrats of the Georgia Legislature held another caucus and balloted for U. S. Senator, but without result. —— The Legislature of Alabama met yesterday; Senator Pugh, Gov. Oates, Gen. Pettus and Hon. John H. Bankhead have announced themselves candidates for the U. S. Senate. —— A conference of all friends of reform is called by Commonwealer Coxey to meet in St. Louis January 12th, 1897. —— Nearly every Senator or Representative who has arrived in Washington thus far expresses a belief that an extra session of the Fifty-fifth Congress will be called to consider the financial question. —— Thos. W. Austin shot and instantly killed J. B. Beeco, in Dunklin township, ten miles below Greenville, S. C. —— While crossing the railroad track at Gibraltar, Pa., Mr. Charles F. Bright and Miss Catherine Boyer were struck by a train and both killed. —— Cuban insurgents attacked two towns, but were repulsed. —— Three direct lines of steamers will be established to European ports—one from Norfolk, Va., another from Savannah and a third from Brunswick, Ga. ——Yesterday's New York markets: Money on call was easy at 4@5 per cent.; last loan at 4 per cent.; closing offered at 4; cotton quiet—middling gulf 8 1-16c; middling 8 3 16c; Southern flour quiet and steady—common to fair extra $3 65@3 25; good to choice $3 25@3 58; wheat spot—active and strong; ungraded red 82@94c; corn—spot dull and firm; No. 2 31¼c at elevator and 32¼c afloat; spirits turpentine easy at 28¼ cents; rosin firm—strained common to good $1 92½.

With a big apple crop, and a majority of 40,000 in his district for Congress, there is no reason why Silver Dick Bland may not be resigned.

Major McKinley has started the ball for the Mc's and Majors. He is the first Mac and the first Major that ever got there. It was the first Hanna, too.

Some females are tough. A young woman in Brooklyn who blew out the gas, remained in an unconscious condition for seventeen days, but is now coming on all right but slowly.

The Baltimore *Sun* says the election of McKinley was a "victory for sound money and sound morals." As for the "sound money," so called, that may be so, but the "sound morals"—oh, hush.

Secretary Carlisle is getting even with Joe Blackburn by bouncing people in his department who received their appointments through Senator Blackburn. One of them was a young lady, which shows that Mr. Carlisle is no respecter of the sexes when his dander is up.

Major McKinley says the whole country owes a debt of gratitude to the gold Democrats. If the Major will substitute McKinley for country we will echo the New York *Herald* and say amen. He owes his election to them and should feel duly grateful.

IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT

Attention is called to the following REDUCED RATES of Subscription to THE MORNING STAR:

TO MAIL SUBSCRIBERS.

Twelve Months	$5.00
Six "	2.50
Three "	1.25
Two "	1.00
One "	50

TO CITY SUBSCRIBERS.

The STAR will be delivered by carrier at any point in the city at 12 cents per week, or 45 cents per month.

A brutal uncle in Pennsylvania the other day concluded he would frighten his 10 year-old nephew who wanted to follow him hunting, and fired his gun at him at a distance of about ten feet. He didn't frighten the child, but got badly scared himself when the little fellow dropped dead. He is now in jail trying to get over the scare.

The Massachusetts Republicans nominated a negro restaurant keeper in Boston for one of the Governor's councillors, thinking he would be cut and defeated, but very much to their embarrassment he was elected. It is the first time the Governor of that State has ever had a negro councillor.

Senator Gorman came up as "cool as a cucumber" after the melee. This is one of Mr. Gorman's peculiar characteristics. He would smile at the fellow who ran over him with a bicycle and never let him know he did it if wearing a serene countenance could prevent it.

Linton, the A. P. A. man, who talked so much about the "little red school house," was walloped by his Democratic competitor who will now represent that Michigan district in Congress. Linton was knocked out but the l. r. s. h. will continue to do business as usual.

Ambassador Bayard rises to remark that the result "verifies my opinion of the honesty and uprightness of the American people." The American people would doubtless feel like kicking themselves blind if they had failed to "verify" Mr. Bayard's opinion.

As an answer to the plaintive appeals of the Democratic gold organs which aided McKinley, not to "disturb business" by tinkering with the tariff, Senator Quay rises to predict that we will have "a new tariff within eight months after McKinley's inauguration."

The Richmond *Times* (gold) could not refrain from saying that "Mark Hanna has deserved well of the country," a sentiment which Mark doubtless agrees with. Thus the sectional lines are being rubbed out—until the next campaign.

A Dr. Hess, of Indiana, doesn't believe in promiscuous kissing. No one should believe in that, but when there is anything of that kind to be done the kissist should show discriminating taste, judgment and sense.

W. C. P. Breckinridge, of Kentucky, isn't willing to admit that the election in his case is settled. He is now preparing to contest the seat of Mr. Settle, who got away with him.

The result of the election will also give an impetus to the gold mining industry. We are not apprehensive, however, of their overstocking the market so that gold will become a drug.

Ireland is threatened with an appalling famine, caused by prolonged rains which destroyed the crops. In due time Queen Victoria will probably send a message of sympathy.

Bro. Dana is glad the election is over, for he can now proceed to throw some more javelins at Hon. Grover Cleveland.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

MASONIC—To the public.
C.W.POLVOGT & CO.-Dress goods.
OPERA HOUSE—"A Night's Frolic,"

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS

Pertinent Paragraphs Pertaining Principally to People and Pointedly Printed.

— Mr. Geo. M. Rose, of Fayetteville, was a visitor in the city yesterday.

— Mr. A. A. McLean, of Gastonia, was among the arrivals in the city yesterday.

— Mr. Jno. D. Bellamy is in Raleigh in attendance upon the Supreme Court.

— Mr. H. D. Glover, of the U. S. revenue cutter *Morrill*, spent the day in the city yesterday.

— Rev. J. Stagg and Messrs. Jas. Paarr and E. Nye Hutchinson, Charlotte, were in the city yesterday.

— Miss Mary Hyman Mallett, who has been visiting friends in Wilmington, has returned to Fayetteville.

— Messrs. T. H. Newkirk, Vineland; H. Witcover, S. C.; Chas. W. Bidgood, Fayetteville, and J. C. Larkin, Goldsboro, were among the arrivals in the city yesterday.

LOCAL DOTS.

Items of Interest Gathered Her and There and Briefly Noted.

— The Chamber of Commerce will hold its regular monthly meeting to-morrow.

— Mr. Miles Costin, contractor, is making good progress in repairing Princess street between Water and Front.

— Rev. Dr. Hoge is in attendance upon the meeting of Synod at Newbern. He lectured Monday night on "Our Saviour's Bible."

— Game birds are plentiful this year. A Wilmington sportsman says that already more partridges have been killed around the city than were bagged the whole of last season.

— The following committee, representing the four Lodges of Odd Fellows in this city, has been appointed, on Thanksgiving, for the little ones at the Odd Fellows Orphan Home at Goldsboro: Messrs. N. Jacobi, W. W. Yopp, S. A. Craige, T. G. Evans and Isaac Northrop. Donations will be received by any of the committee.

To-night at the Opera House.

The bright, new and up-to-date farce comedy, "A Night's Frolic," will be presented at the Opera House to-night by a company of farceurs under the management of Wilson & Thayer. When Augustus Thomas framed "A Night's Frolic," he constructed it to bring forth laughter, and laugh it has made millions. Full of witty sayings, funny scenes and ludicrous situations, it never fails to create mirth. The plot is comedy and the characters comical. Mr. Thomas, the author, is one of the foremost of American dramatists, having written many of the successful plays of the day, "Alabama," "The Burglar," "The Capitol," etc. The company which will present the roaring farce is composed of artists of acknowledged ability and all who attend the show to-night may expect to see and have "A Night's Frolic." Seats are now on sale at Gerken's.

DeRosset-Waddell.

Miss Gabrielle DeRosset, daughter of the late Lewis DeRosset, and granddaughter of Dr. A. J. DeRosset, was married yesterday to Hon. A. M. Waddell. The marriage took place in St. James Episcopal Church, at 9 o'clock a. m., in the presence of a large number of relatives and friends of the bride and groom. Rev. Robt. Strange, D. D., rector of the church, performed the ceremony. The bride entered the church on the arm of her grand-father, who gave her away. The ushers were Messrs. Robt. C. DeRosset, Thomas C. DeRosset, F. Nash DeRosset and Thomas E Myers.

Immediately after the ceremony Mr. and Mrs. Waddell left on the A. C. L. train for an extended trip North.

The Flower Show.

All who have kindly contributed refreshments for the entertainment at the Y. M. C. A. on next Thursday and Friday nights, are requested to be governed by the following:

All contributions for chicken salad should be sent to Mrs. Roger Moore on *Wednesday* morning, November 11th.

All contributions for materials for ice cream should be sent to Mrs. W. W. Hodges, corner Second and Chesnut streets, *Thursday* morning, November 12th. All other contributions to the Y. M. C. A. building Thursday morning.

If any are unable to send their articles and will notify Mr. Thos. F. Bagley, Mr. Wm. M. Poisson or Mr. M. S. Willard, they will be sent for.

If any who desire to contribute have not been called upon by the committee, they will be glad to send to them at any time.

Magistrate's Court.

The case of James Smith and William McQueen, colored men arrested for an affray in which razors were used, was continued yesterday by Justice Bunting until Friday, on account of the condition of Smith, who is still at the city hospital.

Duck Brown, colored, charged with larceny, was committed to jail in default of bond in the sum of $50 for his appearance at the Criminal Court.

Henry Dickson, colored, charged with resisting an officer, was held for the Criminal Court under bond in the sum of $50.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

Wilmington, Columbia & Augusta R. R.—1,178 bales cotton, 85 casks spirits turpentine, 22 bbls rosin, 40 bbls tar.

Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley R. R.—131 bales cotton, 27 casks spirits turpentine, 8 bbls rosin, 45 bbls tar.

Steamer Daggett—13 bales cotton, 2 casks spirits turpentine, 22 bbls rosin, 2 bbls tar, 1 bbl crude turpentine.

Total receipts—Cotton, 1,322 bales; spirits turpentine, 641 casks; rosin, 57 bbls; tar, 87 bbls; crude turpentine, 1 bbl.

Railroad Item.

The Baltimore Steam Packet Company, which controls the "Old Bay Line" on Chesapeake Bay, has made arrangements to deliver freight consigned to points on the Atlantic Coast Line directly at Pinner's Point, the terminus of the Atlantic Coast Line, instead of Portsmouth, as heretofore. By this arrangement all transfers and delays are avoided.

Wilmington Foot Ball Team.

The foot ball boys had a very satisfactory practice last evening and the members of the team are confident that they will win the game to be played next Saturday with Wilson. Another practice will be had this evening, beginning at 8 o'clock. It is hoped that all members will be present, as the coachers will then select the team to line up against Wilson.

If there is anything you want, advertise for it. Is there anything you don't want? Advertise it in the Business Locals of the STAR. One cent a word. But no ad. taken for less than 20 cents tf

CARLISLE ROASTED.

A CAPABLE AND TRUSTED FOR DOING WHAT MSELF DID.

Fleming C With Using His Office hose Who Di

Judge W. B. Fl Kentucky Democrat, who, h nted leave of absence from Treasury Department, m during the campaign for Sewall, and was summarily rem day before the election, has writte following letter to Secretary Carlisle:

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 7.

Hon. John G. Carlisle, Secretary of the Treasury, City:

SIR—Our Government guarantees to all its citizens the privilege of free speech, so that every American has the natural right to express in a proper manner his political opinions. In accepting office the citizen forfeits neither his civil nor his religious liberty. The Civil Service law was intended not to destroy these rights, but to protect them, so that the minor official should at least be as secure in defending the creed and nominee of his party as would be a Cabinet officer in exercising the same inalienable rights.

No objection on your part to my activity in the campaign which has closed was ever made known to me pending the campaign. On the contrary, I was informed that you held to the view that you could not consistently remove any man from office for exercising the same rights which you yourself were exercising. My removal from office, the first intimation of which was obtained from the newspapers while on the train on my return to Washington from my home, was therefore a complete surprise to me. No one knows better than yourself the long friendship I had manifested for you, the interest I had taken, and the sacrifices of time and money made by me in promoting your ambitions. In view of all the facts, it seems to me that I was at least entitled to some warning and notice before being kicked out of office, without even the opportunity of declining to resign.

Had I known or suspected that I could not hold office under this administration and at the same time exercise the rights of an American freeman, I would have promptly tendered you my resignation at the opening of this campaign.

Inasmuch as other appointees of the present administration, including many in your own department, have been permitted to take an active part against Mr. Bryan in the campaign, not only on the stump, but in the work of organization, without rebuke or removal, it is evident that the cause of my offending lies not in my actions, but in my convictions. It follows, therefore, that you have used your great office to suppress freedom of thought and action, and to punish those who dare to differ from you—a thing insupportable in free government—by terrorizing over the weak and humble. For such abuse of public office, which is a public trust, you cannot but be held accountable at the bar of public opinion as well as by the verdict of history.

In conclusion, I can only say that, humble as I am, I would rather be a discharged employe of the Treasury Department—discharged for doing my duty as I see it for my people—than to be Secretary of the Treasury with a record of self-stultification, such as you have made for yourself, staring me in the face.

This much of a protest I deem it proper to make against your treacherous and tyrannous action.

Very truly yours,
W. B. FLEMING.

LOST IN LAST THREE DAYS.

What Chairman Jones Says of Bryan's Great Battle—He Attributes the Loss of Workingmen's Votes to the Placing of Many Commercial Orders Contingent Upon McKinley's Election.

HOPE, ARK., November 9.—A public reception was tendered Senator James K. Jones at the Opera House in this city this afternoon. The meeting was arranged for the purpose of allowing the Senator's friends and neighbors to show their appreciation of his work in the recent campaign, and from every point it was a great success. People came into town from all over Hempstead county to welcome the Senator, and the little Opera House was literally packed, many ladies and children being present, all anxious to see Senator Jones.

After a cordial greeting, Senator Jones spoke for an hour or more on the campaign and the obstacles that had to be met. He said that the result was a victory for the Democratic party. He said that while they had lost the election they had not lost the fight. The cause of silver was stronger to-day than it was when the campaign opened, and victory was assured in 1900.

He paid a high tribute to William J. Bryan and said he had made one of the most wonderful fights that had ever been made by any leader. He said that a large number of commercial orders placed previous to election day and contingent upon McKinley's election had been made use of in influencing the votes of workingmen, and had caused thousands of Bryan men to vote for McKinley, and that Bryan lost the election by the changes made during the three last days of the campaign.

The Senator did not make any effort at a speech, but talked to his friends in a conversational tone. His remarks, nevertheless, elicited generous applause. His farmer friends were out in force, and many Populists and Republicans were in the audience, and joined in to make the welcome a hearty one. Senator Jones will remain in Hope several days before leaving for Washington.

Cumberland Fair.

Round trip tickets will be sold over the C. F. & Y. V. R. R. to Fayetteville, on account of the Fair, at the following rates, including admission to the Fair:

Wilmington, $2 40; Montague, $2 00; Currie, $2 00; Atkinson, $1 80; Ivanhoe, $1.80; Kerr, $1 60; Tomahawk, $1 60; Garland, $1.40; Parkersburg, $1.40; Roseboro, $1 15; Autryville, $1 00; Stedman, 90 cents; Hope Mills, 75 cents; McNatt's, 90 cents; Lumber Bridge, $1.00; Shandon, $1.15; Red Springs, $1 15; Floral College, $1 40; Maxton, $1.40; John's, $1.60; Hasty, $1.60; McColl, $1.60; Tatum, $1.80; Bennettsville, $1.80.

One Cent a Word.

Hereafter advertisements to go in our "Business Locals" department will be charged one cent per word for each insertion; but no advertisement, however short, will be taken for less than 20 cents

This is a reduction from former rates and it is also a convenience to advertisers who can calculate the exact cost of their advertisements, which must be paid for always in advance.

THE MORNING STAR.

The elections are over, but there will be many events of great interest during the coming twelve months.

Congress meets the first Monday in December. The North Carolina Legislature assembles early in January. It will elect a United States Senator, and there will be a great struggle between the friends of silver and the friends of gold.

Governor-elect Russell will be in- rated, and everybody will be anx- know what will be his policy. many other questions of interest to be discussed those who wish to kee imes must have a dai

From te THE MORNING S praise and congratula tent and determ for Bimetallism and in the recent campaig this, the increase in its during the past few mo never, we feel sure, been equal the history of North Carolina da newspapers.

Are you a subscriber to THE MORNING STAR? If not, why not?

Do you want a first class daily paper at $5.00 per year, or $1.25 for three months? If so, subscribe to THE MORNING STAR.

Do you want a paper that prints the latest telegraphic news, the best local news, reliable market reports, excellent short stories, and the choicest miscellaneous matter? If so, subscribe to THE MORNING STAR.

Do not forget that THE MORNING STAR is the cheapest daily of its class in North Carolina. Its price is $5.00, while the published price of others ranges from $7.00 to $8.00.

THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

[*Raleigh News and Observer.*]

The latest returns from the counties show that the Populists can organize the Senate with the help of only one Republican or Democrat, and that the Republicans are short ten of a majority in the House. The Legislature will stand:

Senate—Populists, 24; Republicans, 17; Democrats, 9.

House—Republicans, 51; Populists, 34; Democrats, 34; one member (Jackson county) tied.

The Republicans will lack eighteen votes to elect a United States Senator and the Populists will lack twenty-eight. The Populists have it in their power to elect one of their own number or some other advocate of the free coinage of silver if they desire to do so.

Senator Pritchard's term will come to a close on the 4th of next March unless the Populist members prefer to send an advocate of the gold standard to Washington rather than a free silver man. They have the matter in their own hands.

The Democrats have lost at least twenty-five seats by majorities of less than fifty, and fifteen more by majorities of less than one hundred. They lose control of the House by loses in these counties that do aggregate 1,500 votes.

SUPREME COURT.

Opinions Handed Down in Cases From Pender, Duplin and Jones Counties.

[*Special Star Telegram.*]

RALEIGH N. C, Nov. 10.—Opinions were handed down to day as follows:

State vs. Brown, from Pender county. Affirmed.

Davis vs. Sanderlin, from Bertie. Error.

State vs. Grover, from Duplin. No error.

State vs. Noe, from Jones. No error.

State vs. Hassell, from Jones. No error.

State vs. Turner, from Jones. No error.

The last three are Beaufort insurance cases.

NOT UNCONSTITUTIONAL.

The N. C. State Law Prohibiting the Running of Freight Trains on Sunday.

[*Special Star Telegrams.*]

RALEIGH, N. C., November 10.—The Supreme Court confirms the decision in the case from Greensboro, where the Southern Railway was fined $500 for running a freight train on Sunday. The decision holds that the statute under which the indictment was found was not unconstitutional.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Wanted

For immediate delivery lowest price on 200 tons light relaying rail.
Address 'H.,' P. O. Box A,
nov 8 1w Norfolk, Va.

MASONIC.

EVERY MASON IN WILMINGTON IS EXpected to be present at the Flower show to be held next Thursday and Friday nights at the Y. M. C. A. building.

To the Public.

Every other person in Wilmington who desires to aid the Oxford Orphan Asylum and at the same time pass a pleasant evening is also urged to attend.

Admission only 10 cents. nov 10 2t

OPERA HOUSE.

Wednesday Evening, Nov. 11.

One Great Long Laugh. The King Pin of Modern Comedy,

"A Night's Frolic,"

Gus. Thomas' Greatest Play.

PLAY
Full of Fun.—HERALD.
All Laughter.—SUN.
A Sure Cure for the Blues—JOURNAL.
A Real Comedy.—TIMES.
A Positive Hit.—TELEGRAM.

Special Scenery, Novel Effects, Elegant Appointments, Great Cast.

Superior to "Charley's Aunt." Funnier than "The Private Secretary." nov 8 3t

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

MAKE YOUR HOME

Attractive.

We have many new and beautiful designs in

WALL PAPER,

with suitable borders and ceilings to match.

We are making a specialty of fine Imported Holland

WINDOW SHADES,

and guarantee satisfaction.

Pictures and Mouldings.

Our Pictures comprise many new bjects, in colored Photographs, ings, Pastels, etc.

ture Framing Department

ith the latest styles e are prepared Frame on short

Tab Fancy Cornic helves, Rod, Drap rass other thing house.

Periodical Tick

C. W. Yates & C

Wilmington, N. C.

oct 25 tf

UP TO DATE

Livery and Sales Stable.

Southerland & Cowan,

108, 110 Second Street, between Princess and Chesnut.

OUR SERVICE IS FIRST-CLASS IN EVERY particular. Finest Horses in town. First-class equippages. Polite attention. All calls and orders day and night promptly attended to.

TELEPHONE NO. 15. TELEPHONE NO. 15

Telephone calls answered any hour day or night. Special attention given to Boarding Horses. Box Stalls and Careful Grooming for Stalling Horses

Hacks and Baggage Line to all trains going and coming, at usual prices. Carriage for Railroad Call 1.00.

Prices Uniform to All Comers.

Hearse Exclusive for Whites $5.00. Carriage for funeral, $3.50. Hearse for White and Colored, $4 00. Horse and Buggy one hour, $1.00; afternoon $3.00. Carriage, Team and Driver one hour, $1.00; afternoon $3.50. Horse and Surry one hour, $1 00; afternoon, $3.00. Team and Trap one hour, $1.00; afternoon, $3.50. Saddle Horse one hour, 50 cents; afternoon, $1.50 Furniture Wagon with careful attention, $1.00 per load.

Open 365 days and 365 nights in a year. mar 29 tf

JUST ARRIVED TO-DAY
AT THE
PALACE BAKERY
Lowney's Candy.
MAILLARD'S CANDY,
FINEST ON EARTH,

Vantine's Japan and Turkey Imported Candy.

Come and try a sample; 200 kinds to select from. nov 6 tf

WHAT

more delicious for Tea than

Preserved Ginger.

To be had by the pound from me.

A fresh Edam to set off the table.

Kalamazoo Celery, fresh and brittle.

Cocoanuts, Dates, cleaned Currants, Mince Meat.

S. W. SANDERS,
At the "Unlucky Corner."
oct 28 tf

BUTTER AND FISH.

Twenty-five small tubs

GILT EDGE BUTTER

250 Barrels Mullets

and piles of other goods.

D. L. Gore.

oct 31 tf

NOTICE.

PETITION WILL BE MADE TO THE Board of Aldermen of the city of Wilmington by the undersigned for permission to cover with platform, to a distance of 47½ feet west, that portion of the dock at the foot of Red Cross street, which is filled up: said platform to be used in the handling of cotton from cars to the Champion Compress & Warehouse Co.

The Champion Compress and Warehouse Co.
JAMES SPRUNT, President.
The Wilmington & Weldon Railroad Co.
nov 10 10t JOHN F, DIVINE, Gen'l Supt.

Combination Bicycle

FOR SALE.

A Combination "Crusader" Bicycle, for either lady or gentleman. Cushion Tires. Brand new. Will be sold cheap. Call in person, or address

M., at
ap 7 tf STAR OFFICE.

VISIT THE STORE OF

C. W. Polvogt & Co.,

No. 9 North Front St.

DURING THIS WEEK AND SEE THE NEW GOODS THEY HAVE OPENED, CONSISTING OF

Stylish Dress Goods, Trimmings, Carpets, Rugs,

LADIES' JACKETS AND CAPES,

Blankets and Comforters.

The largest Carpet and Window Shade Department in the State.
Special attention paid to making and laying Carpets.
The Best $1.00 Kid Glove in the city. Every pair warranted.

Friday, Our Bargain Day.

C. W. Polvogt & Co.,

Sole Agents for Butterick's Patterns and W. B. Corsets.
Samples sent on application. nov 8 tf

Clothing, Clothing,

For sale at a Bargain at Wilmington's Big Racket Store, where we are making a special drive in Good, New, Cheap Suits for men and boys.

BOYS' SUITS—We will describe them the best we can, and guarantee them as represented. Small Knit Jersey its, all wool, nicely trimmed, for boys, at $1.25 a Suit. Larger Suits tter trimmed, at $1.50. Blue ilor Suits, from 4 to 8 years, hite braid, at 98c and $1 25 d Suits, from 4 to 14 Beautiful well made om 8 to 14 years good colors, at Suits, from 8 5 and 3 50. ants, all an $4 50

M Twilled Blue Fl better at $4 one lot of fi Cloth, heavy, w well made Men's S A very fine Scotch C colors, at $6.50. Bea well made Business Suits, fall colors, at $7 50. Finer S Clay Worsted Suits, strictly a $8.00. Better and the best Suit market at $12.50. A very well black Corkscrew Suit at $5.00.

MEN'S AND BOYS' OVERCOATS and Macintoshes—Men's very long, heavy, warm Ulsters at $2.00 and 2.50 each. Overcoats at $3 00, 3.50 and 4 50. Gent's fine Beaver Cloth Overcoats, fold seam, strictly all wool, well made, Overcoats worth $10.00 our special price is $6.50 each. This is a small lot we close out at a special price. A few boys' Overcoats in small sizes at $1.48 each. All wool, larger, finer, heavier Coats at $4.50 each. Men's fine Macintosh Coats with long capes at $2.75, 3 25, 4 50, 5 00, 6 50 each. Ladies' from $2.00, 2.25 to 3.50 each.

We have given you a very general idea of what Clothing we carry, now let's talk about Odd Pants and Underwear. Men's heavy Jeans Pants at 45c; better 0c. Very heavy and well made at d $1.00. Cottonade Pants at 50 Blue and Black Flannel Pants pair. Very nice Pants, all a pair. Very thick all at $1.75 a pair. Better sted at $3.00, and Pants at $1.75. styles at $3.50 grades and street,

Braddy & Ca

Of Wilmington

nov8tf

BUCK'S STOVES & RANGES "THE PEACE MAKERS"

WE HAVE A LINE OF THE ABOVE

CELEBRATED STOVES.

Will guarantee them to be the finest goods on the market. Only porcelain lined ovens made that will stand.

The Heating Stoves are just superb. All we ask is an examination of the goods.

Wm. E. Springer & Co.,

SOLE AGENTS,
"PURCELL" BUILDING, WILMINGTON, N. C. oct 21 tf

A TREMENDOUS STOCK TO SELECT FROM.

Domestics.

Splendid Unbleaching 3c yard.
Yard wide Unbleaching 4c yard.
Heavy for Hot Beds 5c yard.
Turkey Red Table Cloth 20c yard.
75c grade 48c yard.
10-4 Unbleached Sheeting 15c yard.
Bleached Pillow Casing 10c yard.
Splendid values in Towels—5, 10, 15 and 18c.
Heavy Canton Flannel 5 and 8c.
Pants Cloth 8. 10, 15 to 50c yard.
Splendid Towelling 5, 8 and 10c.
Mattress Ticking at 5 and 8c.
Feather Ticking 10 and 15c.
Remnants 10 and 12½c; Sheeting 7½c.
Medicated Red and White Flannel 25c.
Checked Homespun 3, 4 and 5c.

Dress Goods.

Beautiful Plaids 5c yard.
40c All-Wool French Serge 29c.
Navy and Blue Serge 18, 29 and 48c.
75c Crepons only 48c.
52 inch All-Wool Flannel's 4°c.
New line 40c Dress Goods 25c.
15c quality Flannelets 10c.
Apron and Dress Ginghams 5c.
Splendid Flannelet 5c.
All-Wool Shepherd Plaids 29c.
45 inch Silk and Wool Dress Goods 38c.
Plushes and Velvet 25c yard.
Latest styles of Dress Trimmings.
37 inch Changeable Silks 50c.
Plain China Silks 25c.
Fast Colors Calicoes 5c.
Beautiful line of Draperies 12½c.

Cut Prices in Boots, Shoes, Clothing, Furnishing Goods, Carpets, Mattings, Rugs, Window Shades, Notions, &c. Crayon Portraits free when purchases amount to $10, or Framed Water Colored Pictures with $10 and $20 purchases. Ask for Punch Card. Phone 118.

J. H. Rehder & Co.,

Near Fourth Street Bridge. Car fare paid on purchases of $2 and up. Write for samples of Dress Goods.
nov 8 tf

Boots, Boots, Boots.

BROGANS, BROGANS, BROGANS, BROGANS.

Harvard Ties, Harvard Ties.

Wholesale and Retail.

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oct 6 W tf 7 North Front Street, Wilmington, N. C.

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A WHOLE CAR LOAD.

Unexampled Facilities for Handling. In Lots for Immediate Delivery.

Our magazine is on land and can be reached in any kind of weather, thus insuring prompt handling.

Country Merchants especially will find it to their interest to trade here as our PRICES ARE AS LOW AS THE LOWEST.

Also every kind of House and Field Hardware that you may need.

Inspect Our Splendid Stock.

J. W. MURCHISON,
nov 7 tf Orton Building, Wilmington, N. C.

The Morning Star.

By WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, NOV. 11

WILL THEY KEEP THE PLEDGE?

When the Republican National convention adopted its platform at St. Louis it was anxious to retain the support of the gold men of the East by declaring for the gold standard, but it feared to forfeit the support of the silver Republicans of the West by declaring against silver and hence the platform was a straddle, declaring for gold, but also for silver. It went further than the platform of 1892 by professing to be in favor of the free and unlimited coinage of silver as soon as an agreement might be reached between the leading commercial nations, as to the ratio.

To give weight to this profession they coupled it with a solemn pledge to promote such international agreement if restored to power. The sole purpose of this pretended friendliness to silver and this pledge was to deceive Republicans who believed in bimetallism, who would remain with the party while there was any hope of bimetallism, but would abandon it, as many did, if they became satisfied there was no ground for such hope. It was a very cunningly constructed platform, for it held the gold men in the Republican party, won most of the gold men in the Democratic party, and fooled thousands of honest bimetallists in the Republican party. It was not so much the declaration for bimetallism that did it as the pledge to endeavor to secure the co operation of European nations for the free and unlimited coinage of silver.

Now that the party won on that platform the question is, what will the Republican administration do about the pledge? Will it be kept or ignored?

In an interview several days ago Senator Jones, chairman of the Democratic Committee, expressed
opinion that they would k
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will bring about their defeat four years hence.

In our opinion Senator Jones looks for too much and Senator Teller too little. The gold men of the East have too strong a grip on the statesmen of the Republican party to permit the belief that as much will be done for silver as he seems to anticipate, but on the other hand the Republican party managers are not fools and are too good politicians to do as little as Senator Teller seems to think they will.

When they made that pledge in the platform they felt that it was perfectly safe for they had not the remotest thought that international agreement was practicable, and consequently they will deem it altogether safe to talk about it and to go so far as to suggest the holding of an international Congress for that purpose. They might even go so far as to suggest the time and place, and appoint persons to represent this country when it meets. These would be the first steps in keeping the pledge, to which there would be no serious objection even by the gold men, for none of them have the slightest apprehension that such a congress, representing the leading nations of Europe, will materialize, or that it would come to a practical agreement if it should.

We have had two or three of these congresses already where distinguished gentlemen, scientific financiers, got together, swapped opinions, drank some wine and adjourned indefinitely, which in all probability is about what the next delegations will do if they ever meet.

Regarding as we do the international congress as a perfectly safe and innocent form of amusement, we haven't the slightest hesitation in believing that the next administration will *say* something, although it may not *do* much, in that direction, just to keep the pledge so that it cannot be charged in the next campaign with bad faith, and with having made it, which was really the motive, to humbug the people.

But they must go further than that. They want some tariff legislation to pay back Mark Hanna and the other manufacturers who chipped into the fund to secure McKinley's nomination and election.

As it will be composed, the next Senate will be about a tie between the free silver and the so-called sound money men, but it will not be a tie on the tariff question, for there are some "sound money" Democrats who are opposed to Republican tariff legislation, and the only way anything can be done on that line will be by securing the votes of silver Senators, and the only way that can be done will be by making some substantial concession to silver. What this will be it is not easy to forecast. Perhaps some proposition may be made to retire the greenbacks and Sherman notes and replace them with silver, which would call for about $500,000,000 of silver, and this may be supplemented with a proposition to retire other notes of small denominations and supply silver in place of these. How that might strike the Republican silver Senators and the Populists in return for their support of a tariff bill remains to be seen. This wouldn't be hardly orthodox for the Populists, who believe in the greenback, but the penchant they have shown for driving bargains, makes it pretty hard to say what they wouldn't do.

As there were surprises in the last election so we may expect some surprises when the Republican statesmen get down to work.

MINOR MENTION.

There were a good many disappointed politicians in the last election but there are very few who got a harder jolt than ex Senator Ingalls of Kansas, who thought he had greased the toboggan and hoped to slide into the Senate over Senator Peffer, who yanked him out of his Senatorial brogans six years ago. Since then Mr. Ingalls has been considerably everything, was an avowed free silver man and came as near being a Populist as he could without openly declaring his allegiance to that party. But by some process of his own he figured it out that Kansas was going Republican this time, and he flopped back into the party and took his position o
the St. Louis gold stan
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l continue to do business at
old stand. In high and lofty
umbling Ingalls might be an improvement on Peffer, but in all other respects the State has nothing to lose by Ingalls' failure to get there.

⁂

Two days after the election Mr. McKinley wrote a letter of congratulation to Mr. Hanna, from which we make the following extroct:

> "Not the least of the triumphs of the election is the obliteration of sectional lines in the republic We have demonstrated to the world that we are a reunited people in purpose as in name. We have manifested in the great cause the spirit of fraternity and brotherhood that should always characterize our common and equal citizenship and have proved conclusively that in a country of equal privileges and equal opportunity the insidious doctrine of hate or of class or sectional distinctions cannot prevail. Let us as Americans straightway devote ourselves to the upbuilding of America, to the peace, honor and glory of our common country. Party dissensions should no longer divide or rack the public mind, nor the zeal or temper of either side deter any citizen from patriotic devotion to the good of all."

A patriotic spirit pervades this which will be heartily responded to by every patriot in the land whether he cast his vote for McKinley or for some one else. Being an after-election utterance it is of more importance than his ante-election utterances on the same line, which might have been inspired by political considerations. In discussing Mr. McKinley's prospective attitude as President on sectional questions some time ago we remarked that he was estopped by his speeches from favoring any discriminating sectional legislation of a political character, and he is further estopped by this more recent utterance, which doubtless spoke his real sentiments and was not inspired by political considerations. It is as creditable to him as it is gratifying to those who differed from him and opposed his election.

⁂

The importance of one vote has been frequently illustrated in the elections in this and in other States, and was illustrated in several instances in the late election in this State. In one county—Jackson—there was a tie on the Legislative ticket and in another—Hyde—the successful candidate had only two majority. In thirty counties, nearly one-third of the counties in the State, the successful candidates had a majority of only fifty, or less. In as much as the Republicans made herculean efforts to get out a full vote, the probabilities are that the losses in these counties where Democrats were defeated were caused by the failure of the Democrats to poll their full strength. But be this as it may, it shows the importance of getting out the vote, and how the result may frequently depend upon a few votes. In some counties where the vote was divided, and men rather than straight tickets were voted for, the men elected got in by a scratch of one or two votes, in populous counties, too, all of which shows the value of even one vote, and the necessity of thorough organization.

Neuralgia is the prayer of the nerves for pure blood. Hood's Sarsaparilla is the one true blood purifier and nerve builder. †

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Rocky Mount *Argonaut*: Mr. Dempsey Barnes, formerly of Wilson but late of Edgecombe county, died last Thursday week at the residence of D. W. Calhoun.

— Goldsboro *Argus*: The death of R. A. Johnson occurred at his home in the tenant rooms of the Arlington Hotel this morning at 5 o'clock, in the 63rd year of his age. He was a member of the Primitive Baptist church, and was well known in this city, where he had made his home for a number of years.

— Charlotte *News*: One of the most unusual sights seen on the Southern in a time was the car load of Cuban soldiers that came through here yesterday. There were twenty-three of the uniformed sons of Cuba, and they were on their way to Jacksonville, Fla., from the north. Thick set, swarthy fellows they were, blackened by the fierce Southern sun. They wore Mantilla hats and moleskin pants and were altogether good types of their kind. They said they were going to Jacksonville to there embark for Cuba. On the same train was another special military car filled with United States regulars, being transferred to Florida stations from the forts in the northeast.

— Salisbury *Truth*: Six Italians travelling through the country on foot with grind organs and monkeys were attacked by a party of brigands near the river Sunday evening about dark. The Italians were fired upon
an organ broken and a monkey
all without the slightest prov
Foreigners do not seem to
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aking in Franklin
months ago, J. A.
of the sheriff of that
t and killed a negro. The
threatened to lynch him, and
d by the Franklin Rifles, he
taken to Raleigh for safe keeping. His trial came off at Franklinton last week. Messrs. Fuller, Biggs and Winston appeared for the defence and Messrs. S. W. Cooper and Graham Hunt, of this place, were witnesses. The trial resulted in a conviction of murder in the second degree and Moore was sentenced to 15 years in the penitentiary. His brother, who was indicted as an accessory, was acquitted. —— Mr. Jno. Bullock, of Bullock's, has purchased a large tract of timberland in the northern part of the county and has a large force of hands at work getting out railroad cross-ties. The cross-tie business has assumed large proportions in this State. The firm of Blockie & Welch, of Philadelphia, have paid out about $100,000 this year in the counties of Cleveland, Rutherford and McDowell. —— One of the clowns belonging to Main's circus was recognized while here as a former student of Horner's School and a member of one of the best families in the eastern part of the State. He begged the young man who recognized him, and who was an old friend, to let no one know it.

Appointments for Visitation by the Bishop of East Carolina.

November 12, Thursday, E. P., Winfall, Good Shepherd.
November 15, Sunday, 24th Trinity, Plymouth, Grace.
November 18, Wednesday, Williamston, Advent.
November 20, Friday, Greenville, S. Paul's.
November 22, Sunday, before Advent, M. P., Beaufort county, Zion Church.
November 22, Sunday, before Advent, E. P., Washington, S. Peter's.
November 26, Thursday, Thanksgiving, Chocowinity, Trinity.
November 27, Friday, Beaufort county, Calvary Chapel.
November 29th, Sunday, 1st in Advent, M. P., Pitt county, S. John's.
November 29, Sunday, 1st in Advent, E. P., Pitt county, S. Michael's.
December 2, Wednesday, Pitt county, Dawson's School House.
December 6, Sunday, 2d in Advent, M. P., Lenoir county, Holy Innocents.
December 6, Sunday, 2d in Advent, E. P., Kinston, S. Mary's.
December 8, Tuesday, E. P., Trenton, Grace.
December 9, Wednesday, Com., Trenton, Grace.
December 13 Sunday, 3rd in Advent, M. P., Snow Hill, S. Barnabas.
December 15, Tuesday, M. P., Farmville, Emanuel.
December 16, Wednesday, E. P., Hamilton, S. Martin's.
December 17, Thursday, Com., Hamilton, S. Martin's.
December 18, Friday, E. P., Winston, S. John's.
December 19, Saturday, Com., Winston, S. John's.
December 20, Sunday, 4th in Advent, Murfreesboro, S. Barnabas.
December 25 Christmas, Woodville, Bertie county, Grace.
December 27, Sunday after Christmas, M. P., Roxobel, S. Mark's.

M. P.—Morning Prayer.
E. P.—Evening Prayer.
Com.—Communion.

At all Morning Services the Holy Communion.

The Vestries will please be ready to meet the Bishop.

The Children will please be prepared to be catechized.

Offerings for Diocesan Missions unless otherwise announced.

APPOINTMENTS.

Wilmington District—W. S. Rone, P. E.
Kenansville circuit, Rose Hill, November 14, 15.
Magnolia circuit, Providence, November 15 16.
Columbus circuit, Cerro Gordo, November 20 21.
Whiteville and Fair Bluff, Whiteville, Nov. 22, 23.
Waccamaw circuit, Zion, Nov. 24.
Bladen circuit, Antioch, Nov. 28, 29.
Wilmington, Bladen Street, Dec. 3.
Onslow circuit, Tabernacle, Dec. 5, 6.

— He—"You must not take me too seriously, Miss Pertly."
She—"No danger. I have no idea of accepting you at all."—*Detroit Free Press.*

For Over Fifty Years

MRS WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind.

CURRENT COMMENT.

—— Rumors of the reappearance of Senator Hill are premature.—*Philadelphia Times, Ind.*

—— In case Mr. McKinley should desire to compliment the gold Democrats and recognize the colored voters with one fell sweep, he might call Hon. Charles H. J. Taylor to his Cabinet.—*Washington Post, Ind.*

—— The farmers and workingmen who voted with the Republicans to continue the system of Government which oppresses them to the verge of starvation, must suffer the consequences of their blindness or cowardice. They surely will have no right in future to complain of low prices for agricultural products, low wages, and want of work. As they made their bed they must lie in it.—*Richmond Dispatch, Dem.*

—— The Springfield *Republican* notes that it was more of a contest of city against country; especially in the West, than ever before. In
diana, for example, Bryan ran
well outside of Indianapolis
Kentucky it was Louis
that turned the State
So in Michigan, Min
nois, the cities of
Minneapolis a
up
enormous D
ties.—
Augusta C

GS.

e that two people
y as one?
hey are married. Not, if
ged.—*Puck.*

tomer—The suit is all

omberg—Ah. mine vrent, dot
des from der schalk vere ve marks de
rices down so often.—*Tit Bits.*

— A Theory: Mara—What does this mean about them society people dressin' fer dinner?

Josh—Well, I guess they get up late an' has their breakfast in bed.—*Puck.*

— Reciprocity—"If you have a million you can get into the four hundred."

"Yes, and if you have four hundred, you are likely to stay in the million."—*Harlem Life.*

— Postponed: "Then they didn't start on the honeymoon that night?"

"No. It was after 3 o'clock and they had to wait until the next day to get her father's check cashed."—*Brooklyn Life,*

— Mamma—"You naughty boy, you want a whipping, that's what you want."

Innocent—"Mamma, what was that you said the other day about the duty of self denial?"—*Boston Transcript.*

— Husband—"There was something about Miss Brown's singing tonight that I liked."

Wife—"Indeed? What could it have been?"

Husband—"There was very little of it."—*London Figaro.*

Tender Hearted.

"Ralph, dearest, when we're married I'm going to learn to cook."

"Are you, sweetheart?" said Ralph, with an unutterably fond and foolish look.

"Yes, Ralph, and I will begin with potatoes. But there is one thing I'm determined never to do."

"What is that, my own?"

"I will never, never, cut the eyes out of the potatoes."

"Why not, darling?"

"Because it is cruel. I shall cook them with their eyes in."

Ralph assented to this and there was a cooing and caressing spell of silence. Then Maud resumed:

"Ralph, did you know that potatoes wore jackets?"

"Never, my angel," answered the young man in an awestricken voice.

"Well, they do. Papa said that when he was a boy they always cooked potatoes in their jackets. What kind of a jacket does a potato wear?"

"I think, love, it must be an Eton jacket," said Ralph desperately, as he closed the discussion with a kiss. —Detroit Free Press.

Facing the Music.

This silly expression (?) which has become popular of late, is a metaphor, apparently, from the language of military riding. When a horse is young to his work, it is one of the difficulties of his rider to get him to "face" the regimental band.—Notes and Queries.

Habit is our primal fundamental law; habit and imitation—there is nothing more perennial in us than these two. They are the source of all working and all apprenticeship, of all practice and all learning, in the world.—Carlyle.

Omission to do what is necessary seals a commission to a blank of danger, and danger, like an ague, subtly taints, ev'n then when we sit idly in the sun.—Shakespeare.

The albatross has been known to follow a ship for two months without ever being seen to alight in the water or take a moment's rest. It is believed to sleep on the wing.

Of course you know how disagreeable it is to feel a desire to sneeze in any public place. Press hard upon your upper lip and you can usually overcome this feeling.

In Honor of Thanksgiving

Many families make it an annual custom on that day of feasting to add to the service of the table some article of

GORHAM SILVER

corresponding in value with the prosperity of the year which it commemorates.

Always something, and always Gorham.

"A record writ in silver, of the mercies of the year."

Too Good for Dry Goods Stores—Jewelers only.

TO TELL THE AGE OF A HORSE.

To tell the age of any horse
Inspect the lower jaw, of course.
The six front teeth the tale will tell
And every doubt and fear dispel.

Two middle "nippers" you behold
Before the colt is two weeks old.
Before eight weeks two more will come,
Eight months the "corners" cut the gum.

The outside grooves will disappear
From middle two in just one year.
In two years from the second pair:
In three the "corners," too, are bare.

At two the middle "nippers" drop.
At three the second pair can't stop,
When four years old, the third pa
At five a full new set he shows

The deep black spots will p
At six years from the m
The second pair at se
At eight the spot e ears.

From middle " r jaw,
At nine the withdraw.
The seco white.
Eleven s" light.

As horsemen know
T ee sided grow.
, project before,
hen we know no more.
lacksmith and Wheelwright.

Rubber Scraps.

off rubber shoes are now a ketable commodity, and many untry peddlers add considerably to their gains by collecting them. They are usually taken in exchange for tinware or cheap trinkets. No cash changes hands in these transactions. When the peddler returns to his starting point, he turns over his collections to the village merchant for more tinware, with perhaps a little cash, and goes out over a new route. The peddler may be in business on his own account or in the employment of the village trader, but in either case the latter has a chance to make a profit on the collections of scrap, which are shipped from time to time to a city dealer. The latter will offer his rubber stock whenever it reaches good proportions to a rubber reclaiming mill. When old shoes first became a merchantable article, the price paid for them was 1 cent a pound, while the quotations have since averaged 5 cents per pound for months at a time. The trade in rubber scrap is now most thoroughly organized in the west and northwest. In the southern states, where little snow falls, the consumption of rubber shoes is not sufficient to form a basis of trade in old shoes. Of the rubber scrap imported the largest share comes from Russia. The imported scrap is not so desirable, however, as what is gathered at home. In spite of the good consumption of rubber footwear in New England there are no dealers in scrap there in a position of commanding importance. This is due in part to the existence of nearby factories, which buy directly from the smaller dealers. In the west the principal center of the trade is Chicago.—Exchange.

Are Doctors Frauds?

"Many people suppose that we are nothing but frauds," remarked a doctor recently. "It is a very popular belief that we don't care one way or the other whether people die or not.

"This, of course, is absurd. What a young practitioner prays for more than anything else is that he may have the chance of curing a practically incurable case. If he has one or two successes of this description, he is well on the road to fame. There is more than one eminent practitioner at the present time who owes his reputation entirely to good luck when starting for himself. Think what an advertisement is a woman who was ill and is well again! Wherever she goes she will be congratulated on her recovery and will mention her doctor's name with the most extravagant expressions of praise. She is a living advertisement for him.

"On the other hand, if a young doctor loses one or two patients under his care his reputation may be ruined forever. To you at least it will not need my assurance that we doctors care very much whether a patient lives or dies.

"Some young beginners even go so far as to refuse to have anything to do with hopeless cases through fear of public opinion."—Strand Magazine.

Throwing the Discus.

Discus throwing was a refined form of hurling the stone. In Homeric times, and even at Olympia, a stone or mass of iron was first used for the purpose. This was held by a leathern thong, swung in a circle and hurled as far as possible. A circular or lenticular disk of bronze was used at least as early as the beginning of the fifth century. A standard weight must, of course, be assumed for the great games. A discus now in the British museum, which seems to have been used, weighs 11 pounds 9 ounces, but whether this was the standard weight or not is not definitely known. The thrower took his stand upon a slight elevation of limited circumference, where he could have a secure foothold and was prevented from running; then, with a swing of the arm and a corresponding movement of the whole body, he hurled the discus as far as possible. The value of the body movement was recognized by the sculptor Myorn in his famous statue "The Discobolus," and is understood by the modern athlete when he swings the hammer, or even when he makes a drive at golf. As for records at discus throwing, Phayllus, again, is said to have thrown the discus 95 feet.—Professor Allan Marquand in Century.

A Trying Part.

Plantagenet — Where have you been for the last month, old chap?

Maltravers—I've been traveling with the "Power of Love" theatrical company.

Plantagenet—Really! What part did you have?

Maltravers—Well, in the first act there's a love scene, ending in a prize fight, in which one of the principals is killed by a blow on the jaw. I was him. Next act there's an elopement, ending in a grand railway wreck, in which the noble engineer is crushed under the engine. I was him. Next act, the marriage, followed by a grand steeplechase, in which the favorite falls and kills the jockey. I was him. Last act, reconciliation and grand hanging scene. I could have stood that, too, but the audience always wanted to ring up the curtain about six times for encores.—Pearson's Weekly.

OLD NEWSPAPERS FOR SALE AT THIS office. Suitable for wrapping paper.

Sou

Stomach, sometim ed waterbrash, and burning distress, nausea, dyspepsia. ed by Hood's Sarsaparilla. accomplishes because with i derful power as a blood pu ood's Sarsaparilla gently strengthens the stomach and e organs, invigorates the liver, es an appetite, gives refreshing eep, and raises the health tone. In cases of dyspepsia and indigestion it seems to have "a magic touch."

"For over 12 years I suffered from sour

Stomach

with severe pains across my shoulders, and great distress. I had violent nausea which would leave me very weak and faint, difficult to get my breath. These spells came oftener and more severe. I did not receive any lasting benefit from physicians, but found such happy effects from a trial of Hood's Sarsaparilla, that I took several bottles and mean to always keep it in the house. I am now able to do all my own work, which for six years I have been unable to do. My husband and son have also been greatly benefited by Hood's Sarsaparilla—for pains in the back, and after the grip. I gladly recommend this grand blood medicine." MRS. PETER BURBY, Leominster, Mass.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the One True Blood Purifier. All druggists. $1.

Hood's Pills cure all Liver Ills and Sick Headache. 25 cents.

IN CASE YOU SMOKE
LYON & CO'S PickLeaf SMOKING TOBACCO IS THE BEST. TRY IT

BUY LYON & CO'S PICK LEAF EXTRA SMOKING TOBACCO

Made from the Purest, Ripest and Sweetest leaf grown in the Golden Belt of North Carolina. Cigarette Book goes with each 2-oz. pouch.

ALL FOR 10 CENTS.

A Pleasant, Cool and Delightful Smoke.

LYON & CO. TOBACCO WORKS, DURHAM, N. C.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions and positively cures Piles or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by R. R. BELLAMY. †

Electric Bitters.

Electric Bitters is a medicine for any season, but perhaps more generally needed, when the languid exhausted feeling prevails, when the liver is torpid and sluggish and the need of a tonic and alterative is felt. A prompt use of this medicine has often averted long and perhaps fatal bilious fevers. No medicine will act more surely in counteracting and freeing the system from the malarial poison. Headache, Indigestion, Constipation, Dizziness yield to Electric Bitters. 50c. and $1.00 per bottle at R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store. †

Wholesale Prices Current.

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged.

The quotations are always given as accurately as possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted.

BAGGING—			
2 ℔ Jute		@	6
Standard		@	6¾
WESTERN SMOKED—			
Hams ℘ ℔	12	@	14
Sides ℘ ℔	6	@	7
Shoulders ℘ ℔	6	@	6¼
DRY SALTED—			
Sides ℘ ℔	4½	@	4¾
Shoulders ℘ ℔		@	4½
BARRELS—Spirits Turpentine—			
Second-hand, each	1 00	@	1 10
New New York, each	1 35	@	1 40
New City, each		@	1 40
BEESWAX ℘ ℔	23	@	24
BRICKS—			
Wilmington ℘ M	6 50	@	7 00
Northern	9 00	@	14 00
BUTTER—			
North Carolina ℘ ℔	15	@	
Northern	23	@	
CORN MEAL—			
Per Bushel, in sacks	40	@	42½
Virginia Meal	40	@	40
COTTON TIES—℘ bundle		@	1 10
CANDLES—℘ ℔—			
Sperm	18	@	25
Adamantine	9	@	10
CHEESE—℘ ℔—			
Northern Factory	10	@	11
Dairy, Cream	11	@	12
State		@	10
COFFEE—℘ ℔—			
Laguyra	20	@	
Rio	10	@	16
DOMESTICS—			
Sheeting, 4-4, ℘ yard		@	5¾
Yarns, ℘ bunch	18	@	20
EGGS—℘ dozen	[illegible]	@	8
FISH—			
Mackerel, No 1, ℘ barrel	22 00	@	30 00
Mackerel, No 1, ℘ half-barrel	11 00	@	15 00
Mackerel, No 2, ℘ barrel	16 00	@	18 00
Mackerel, No 2, ℘ half-barrel	8 00	@	9 00
Mackerel, No 3, ℘ barrel	13 00	@	14 00
Mullets, ℘ barrel	3 00	@	3 25
Mullets, ℘ pork barrel	5 75	@	6 00
N C. Roe Herring, ℘ keg	3 00	@	3 25
Dry Cod, ℘ ℔	5	@	10
" Extra	3 35	@	3 50
FLOUR—℘ barrel—			
Low grade	3 25	@	3 00
Choice	3 25	@	3 25
Straight	4 10	@	4 00
First Patent	4 45	@	4 50
GLUE—℘ ℔—	7½	@	8½
GRAIN—℘ bushel—			45
Corn, from store, bags—White,		@	42½
Corn, cargo, in bulk—White,		@	40
Corn, cargo, in bags—White,		@	40
Oats, from store	30	@	32½
Oats, Rust Proof	40	@	45
Cow Peas	45	@	50
HIDES, ℘ ℔—			
Green		@	6
Dry		@	8
HAY, ℘ 100 ℔s—			
Eastern		@	1 05
Western		@	90
North River		@	85
HOOP IRON, ℘ ℔	2	@	2¾
LARD, ℘ ℔—			
Northern	5	@	6
North Carolina	6	@	10
LIME ℘ barrel		@	1 25
LUMBER (city sawed), ℘ M feet—			
Ship Stuff, resawed	18 00	@	20 00
Rough-edge Plank	15 00	@	16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	13 00	@	18 00
Dressed Flooring, seasoned	18 00	@	22 00
Scantling and Boards common	14 00	@	15 00
MOLASSES, ℘ gallon—			
New Crop Cuba, in hhds		@	22
" " " in bbls		@	23
Porto Rico, in hhds	25	@	29
" in bbls		@	30
Sugar-House, in hhds	12	@	14
" " in bbls	14	@	15
Syrup, in bbls	15	@	
NAILS, ℘ keg, Cut 60d basis	2 35	@	2 64
PORK, ℘ barrel—			
City Mess	8 50	@	9 00
Rump		@	8 00
Prime		@	8 00
ROPE, ℘ ℔	10	@	22
SALT, ℘ sack Alum		@	75
Liverpool		@	65
Lisbon		@	
American		@	65
On 125 ℔ Sacks	40	@	45
SHINGLES, 7-inch, ℘ M	5 00	@	6 50
Common	1 00	@	2 25
Cypress Saps	2 50	@	3 50
SUGAR, ℘ ℔—Standard Granu'd		@	[illegible]
Standard A		@	[illegible]
White Ex. C		@	[illegible]
Extra C, Golden	4	@	[illegible]
C Yellow		@	[illegible]
SOAP, ℘ ℔—Northern	3¾	@	4
STAVES, ℘ M—W. O. barrel	8 00	@	14 00
R. O. Hogshead		@	10 00
TIMBER, ℘ M feet—Shipping		@	9 00
Mill, Prime		@	7 00
Mill, Fair	6 50	@	4 50
Common Mill	4 00	@	3 50
Inferior to Ordinary		@	3 00
TALLOW, ℘ ℔	5	@	
WHISKEY, ℘ gallon—Northern	1 00	@	2 00
North Carolina	1 00	@	2 00

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, November 10.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Market nominal; nothing doing.

ROSIN.—Market firm at $1 50 per bbl for Strained and $1 55 for Good Strained.

TAR.—Market firm at $1 05 per bbl of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Firm. Hard 1.40, Yellow Dip 2.00 and Virgin 1 90 per barrel.

Quotations same day last year—Spirits turpentine 25½@24½c; rosin, strained, $1 25; good strained $1 30; tar $1 30; crude turpentine $1 10, 1 50, 1 60.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits Turpentine	64
Rosin	57
Tar	87
Crude Turpentine	1

Receipts same day last year—92 casks spirits turpentine, 618 bbls rosin, 268 bbls tar, 17 bbls crude turpentine.

COTTON.

Market firm on a basis of 7 7-16c for middling. Quotations:

Ordinary	5 1-16	cts ℘ ℔
Good Ordinary	6 7-16	" "
Low Middling	7 1-16	" "
Middling	7 7-16	" "
Good Middling	7¾	" "

Same day last year, middling 8½c.

Receipts—1,322 bales; same day last year, 1,490.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

PEANUTS—North Carolina—Prime, 40@50c per bushel of 28 pounds; Extra Prime, 55c; Fancy, 60@65c. Virginia—Extra Prime, 60@65c; Fancy, 65@70c.

CORN—Firm; 38 to 40 cents per bushel.

N. C. BACON—Steady; Hams, 9 to 11½c per pound; Shoulders, 6 to 7c; Sides 7 to 7½c.

SHINGLES—Per thousand, five inch, hearts and saps, $1.60 to 2.25; six inch, $2.50 to 3.50; seven inch, $5.50 to 6.50.

TIMBER—Market steady at $3.00 to 7.50 per M.

DOMESTIC MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

FINANCIAL.

NEW YORK, November 10–Evening.—Money on call was quoted easy at 4 @5 per cent; last loan at 4 per cent., closing offered at 4 per cent. Prime mercantile paper 6@7 per cent. Sterling exchange was heavy, with actual business in bankers bills 481¾@482 sixty days and 485@485¼ for demand. Commercial bills 480¼@481¼. Goverment bonds easier; United States coupon fours 109¼; United States twos 95. State bonds firm; North Carolina fours 100; North Carolina sixes 114. Railroad bonds strong.

Silver at the Stock Exchange to-day was steady.

COMMERCIAL.

NEW YORK, November 10–Evening — Cotton quiet; middling gulf 8 11-16c; middling 8 3-16c.

Cotton futures to-day closed easy; November 7 87, December 7 83, January 8 04, February 8 09, March 8 15, April 8 19, May 8 23, June 8 26, July 8 29 Sales 256 800 bales.

Cotton—net receipts 780 bales; gross 3,948 bales; exports to Great Britain 3 098 bales; to France —— bales; to the Continent 1,000 bales; forwarded 1,111 bales; sales 664 bales; sales to spinners 64 bales; stock 176,720 bales.

Total to-day—Net receipts 49,622 bales; exports to Great Britain 22,217 bales; to France 21,486 bales; to the Continent 23 530 bales; stock 1,090,663 bales

Total so far this week—Net receipts 137,833 bales; exports to Great Britain 45,367 bales; to France 27,204 bales; to the Continent 46,616 bales.

Total since September 1—Net receipts 2 752,695 bales; exports to Great Britain 898,179 bales; exports to France 193 596 bales; exports to the Continent 520,269 bales.

Flour—market quiet, firm, unchanged; Southern flour quiet and steady; common to fair extra $2 65@3 25; good to choice $3 25@3 53. Wheat—spot fairly active and stronger with options; ungraded red 82@94c; No 1 Northern 91¾ @92c; options were active and excited, advancing 2¼@3¼c, fell ¼@⅜c and closed unsettled at 2@2¼c over yesterday; No. 2 red November 87½c December 88⅝c; January —c; May 89⅞c. Corn —spot dull and firm; No. 2 31½c at elevator and 32½c afloat; ungraded mixed 29c delivered; options were quiet at ⅛@⅜c advance; November 31⅛c; December 32½c; January —; May 35⅞c. Oats—spot quiet and steady; options firmer and quiet; December 24¼c; May 27¼c; spot—No. 2 23⅝c; No. 2 white 26; mixed Western 22@25c. Lard quiet; Western steam $4 52½; city $4 30@4 40, December $4 45, nominal; refined dull; Continent $4 90; South America $5 25; compound $4 62½@4 75 Pork dull but steady; new mess $8 50@9 00. Butter—market steady, with a fair demand; State dairy 11@18c; do. creamery 12½@19½; Western dairy 8@12½; Elgins 20c. Eggs firmer; State and Pennsylvania 22 @25c; ice-house 16½@17½c; Western fresh 21@23c; do. per case $2 20@5 50; Southern 19@22c; limed 15@15½c. Cotton seed oil quiet and firm; crude 22c; yellow prime 26c. Rice unchanged. Molasses steady and unchanged. Peanuts quiet; fancy hand picked 3½c. Coffee barely steady at 5@10 points down; November $10 25; March $9 95; May $10 00 @10 10; September $10 20; spot Rio dull but steady; No. 7, $10 87½. Sugar—raw quiet and firm; fair refining 3c bid; refined fairly active, firm and unchanged.

CHICAGO, November 10.—Cash quotations: Flour—market firm; hard wheat spring patents quotable at $4 30@4 65 in wood; soft wheat patents $4 15@4 30; hard wheat bakers' $3 00@3 30. Wheat—No. 2 spring 78¾@80⅛c; No. 2 red 87⅝@89½c. Corn—No. 2 25@25⅝c. Oats—No. 2 19¼. Mess pork, $7 00@7 05. Lard $4 10@4 15 Short rib sides $3 65@3 90. Dry salted shoulders, $4 00@4 25. Short clear sides $4 00@4 12½. Whiskey $1 18.

The leading futures ranged as follows: opening, highest, lowest closing: Wheat—November 79⅝, 80⅜, 78⅜, 80c; December 80¼@80½, 81¼, 79⅝, 80⅞; May 84¼@84⅝, 85¼, 83⅞, 84@84¼c. Corn —November 25⅜@25⅝, 25⅞, 25⅜, 25⅞; December 25½@25⅝, 26¼, 25⅜, 26¼ May 29¼@29⅜, 29¾, 29⅛, 29⅝@29⅞ Oats—November 18⅞, 19⅛, 18⅞, 19, December 19¼, 19⅜, 19¼, 19⅜@19⅞; May 22⅞, 23, 22⅞@22¾, 23c. Pork—December $7 00, 7 00, 7 00, 7 00; January $8 02½, 8 02½, 7 95, 8 00; May $8 37½, 8 37½ 8 35, 8 37½. Lard—December $4 10, 4 12½, 4 10, 4 12½; January $4 35, 4 35, 4 32, 4 32½; May $4 57½, 4 57½, 4 52½, 4 55. Short ribs—December $3 77½, 3 80, 3 77½, 3 80; January $3 97½, 4 00, 3 92½, 3 95; May $4 15, 4 17½, 4 15, 4 17½.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 10.—Flour firmer; Western superfine $2 75@3 00; do extra $3 35@3 90; do family $4 15@4 65; winter wheat patents $4 35@4 90; do spring $4 50@4 75; do straight $4 25@4 50. Wheat strong; spot and November 80½@80⅝c; December 87⅝@88c; Steamer No. 2 red 84⅛@84½c; Southern by sample 83@89½c; do on grade 85@89c. Corn firmer; spot and November 30⅛@30⅝c; November or December, new or old, 30⅜@30½c; January 31¼@31½c; February 32@32½c; Steamer mixed 28¼@28⅝c; Southern white 29@30c; do yellow 28@30c. Oats steady to firm; No. 2 white 26@26½c; No. 2 mixed 23½@23c.

COTTON MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

Nov. 10–Galveston, steady at 7 9-16, net receipts 5,498 bales; Norfolk, firm at 7 9-16, net receipts 8,169 bales; Baltimore, steady at 8, net receipts — bales; Boston, steady at 8 3-16c; net receipts 1,645 bales, Wilmington, firm at 7 7-16, net receipts 1,322 bales; Philadelphia, quiet at 8 7-16c, net receipts 490 bales; Savannah, firm at 7⅜ net receipts 7,383 bales; New Orleans, opened firm and closed steady at 7¼, net receipts 18,884 bales; Mobile, steady at 7¼, net receipts 2,280 bales; Memphis, firm at 7⅜c, net receipts 2,490 bales; Augusta, steady at 7⅝, net receipts 2,022 bales; Charleston, firm at 7¼, net receipts 3,316 bales.

FOREIGN MARKETS

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LIVERPOOL, Nov. 10.—12.30 P. M.—Cotton, demand fair and prices firm. American middling 4 19-32d. Sales 12,000 bales, of which 10,000 were American; speculation and export 500. Receipts 350,000 bales, of which 30,300 were American. Futures opened steady and demand moderate. November 4 29-64d; November and December 4 27-64d; December and January 4 25-64@4 24-64d; January and February 4 24 64, 4 25 64, 4 24 64@4 23 64d; February and March 4 24 64@4 23 64d; March and April 4 25 64, 4 24 64, 4 25 64, 4 24 64@4 23-64d; April and May 4 25-64d; May and June 4 26-64, 4 25 64@4 24-64d; June and July 4 25 64d; July and August 4 27 64d. Futures quiet but steady.

4 P. M.—November 4 30 64d seller; November and December 4 27 64d seller; December and January 4 25 64d seller; January and February 4 24-64d seller; February and March 4 24-64d seller; March and April 4 24 64d seller; April and May 4 25-64d seller; May and June 4 25-64@4 26 64d seller; June and July 4 26-64d seller; July and August 4 27-64d seller. Futures closed steady.

MARINE.

ARRIVED.

German barque Antares, 465 tons, Rahden, Barbadoes, J T Riley & Co.

Schr Eva May, 131 tons, Small, Puerto Plata, J T Riley & Co.

Stmr W T Daggett, Ward, Point Caswell, master.

Stmr A P Hurt, Williams, Fayetteville, James Madden.

CLEARED.

Stmr A P Hurt, Williams, Fayetteville, James Madden.

Stmr W T Daggett, Ward, Point Caswell.

MARINE DIRECTORY.

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Wm F Campbell, 201 tons, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.
Fred. B. Belano, 250 tons, Sawyer, Geo. Harriss, Son & Co.
Bertha H, 124 tons, LeCain, J T Riley & Co.
Amelia P Schmidt, 266 tons, Pennewell, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

STEAMSHIPS.

Janeta (Br), 2 179 tons, Lemmond, Alex Sprunt & Son.
Wraggoe (Br), 1888 tons, Rowe, Alex Sprunt & Son.
Sheerness, 1 414 tons, Norman, J H Sloan.

BARQUES.

Ararat (Nor) 425 tons, Reineitzen, Heide & Co.
Aurora (Nor), 618 tons, Koss, Paterson, Downing & Co.

BRIGS.

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The Morning Star.

A WHISPER.

Like sea foam the moon's silver sifted
Through the dark swaying boughs of the pine,
And fragrant with night's perfume drifted,
Wind blown, through her tresses divine
As she stood, with dark lashes uplifted
And eyes flashing love into mine.

'Twas but the sweet story of ages
We told to each other that night,
But, ah, how its memory assuages
The subsequent sorrow and blight
That swept from life's sanctified pages
Love's promise of beauty and light!

And when the moon's banner is streaming,
Bright sown with the beads of the rain,
And the star lamps of memory are gleaming
Through those uplifted lashes again,
I rest in the land of my dreaming
From life's bitter pathway of pain.

I see in sleep's sweet recollection,
Though fading as soon from my sight,
Those features in spirit reflection
Shining out of their nimbus of light,
And they speak the same deathless affection
That they spoke to my spirit that night.
—J. B. Parke in Detroit Free Press.

A CONFIDENT COUSIN.

The Sad Experience of a Man Who Did Not Know His Own Relatives.

A reporter was talking to a Washingtonian in front of an up town hotel entrance when a handsome young woman walked by and went into the door beyond. Evidently she knew or thought she knew the Washingtonian, for she hesitated as if about to speak to him, but the man gave no sign.

"Why didn't you speak to the lady?" inquired the writer man.

"I wasn't sure I knew her, and I am not now," he replied.

"Could you not have taken chances?"

"Not any more."

There was something back of that sort of an answer, and the writer man went after it.

"Oh," he laughed, "you've made a mistake in knowing people, have you?"

"Not exactly, but in thinking I knew them. At least in thinking I knew a lady once. It was this way: Four or five years ago my folks were spending the summer at Rockville, and I came to town one afternoon to meet a cousin of my wife's from the southwest, whom I'd never seen, and escort her out home. Of course I had a description, but descriptions don't always count, and when I saw a good looking woman descend from the car I sailed right in and introduced myself as her cousin's husband and her escort to the country. She accepted the escort with a charming smile, asked about the health of her dear cousin and all that in a general way, which seemed all right, though slightly vague, as it appeared to me later, and we went from the Baltimore and Potomac station over to the Baltimore and Ohio to catch a train.

"What would have happened if we had caught the train I don't know, but we missed, and then while we waited I took her up town to a restaurant for supper, as the next train was going to put us home too late for it there. I telegraphed my wife that we would be out on a later train and then blew my pretty cousin off to a nice little feed that cost me $5. We lingered at the table, for she was a charming person to talk with, and I let her look at a fine diamond ring I wore and which she admired.

"There was some trouble about the bill when the waiter presented his check, and I laid my pocketbook down on the table and went over to the cashier's desk with the waiter and the money I had given him. I presume my back was turned five minutes away from my delightful cousin, and when I turned to go to her again she wasn't there. One waiter had seen her go into the hotel from the cafe, but had not given it a thought, and we immediately began a search for her. Suffice it to say, we didn't find her. Suffice it to say also that when I got home the real cousin was there, also a very pretty woman, and, in conclusion, suffice it to say, that I speak to no more women unless they come to me with credentials. That lost diamond was worth $100 and there was $50 in the pocketbook, to say nothing of my injured feelings and betrayed confidence."

It was truly a fit time for sympathy, and the writer extended all he had in stock.—Washington Star.

Pronunciation.

It is almost impossible for a foreigner who does not begin as a little child to get correctly all the sounds of another language. A little girl and her German teacher had a laugh together the other day over their efforts to help each other. The pupil was trying to use the German "ch" without making it either "k" or "sch," and failed, of course. "Where do you put your tongue when you say it?" was asked at length. The teacher looked bewildered. "I don't put it anywhere," she answered. "I just say the word and don't think about my tongue." Then she leaned forward and looked fixedly at the girl. "But please tell me," she urged, "where do you put your tongue when you say 'th'?" Now it was the other's turn to look confused. "I don't put it anywhere," she repeated. "It just comes of itself." Then they both tried, and the German announced that the tongue must go at the back and the left side of the mouth for the "ch" sound, and the American said that it was pressed against the front teeth for "th." And so both endeavored to follow the other's directions. And both ended in a hearty laugh and the discovery that neither one was any nearer the proper pronunciation than before.—New York Times.

Potatoes.

I assert that potatoes are healthy food for healthy people. In certain diseases our very choicest foods are prohibited; not on the ground that they are unhealthy, but because they are fattening, and so is bread. So long as you remain in perfect health eat potatoes as often as you please, but don't always eat them cooked in but one way.—Twentieth Century Cookery.

Gnat Eggs.

The eggs of the gnat are arranged by the parent insect in the form of a raft which floats with its concave side uppermost. If upset, it speedily readjusts itself and cannot be kept under the water. At the proper time a valve in the lower part of each egg opens and the insect escapes into the water beneath.

[illegible]ACE BEFORE MEALS.

A Functi[illegible] Seems to Be Out of Favor [illegible]hionable Society.

Grace befo[illegible]s is difficult to manage nowa[illegible] although there are a few excellen[illegible]ple who are in the world, but no[illegible] who try to keep up the good o[illegible] and show their consistency [illegible] dinner parties, to the unfaili[illegible] sion and discomfort of some o[illegible] guests. These guests may be t[illegible] unawares and may be talking [illegible] laughing or otherwise misbehaving themselves at the solemn moment. They are thus likely to be brought to a realization of their unintentional irreverence by the sudden hush that comes over the assemblage, an awful silence that makes the high pitched voice of the unlucky offender horribly distinct. "Why didn't some one tell me that the G.'s said grace?" quoth little Mrs. Chatter plaintively. "I went there the other day to dinner, and I was never made so wretchedly uncomfortable in my life. Mr. G. took me in, and, as usual, I went on talking, never giving him a chance to say a word. I saw he looked disturbed, and I noticed that every one was quiet, but thought it was all the more my duty to stir things up. So I called out to Nellie B., who was sitting opposite me: 'Cheer up, Nellie. Why are you so solemn?' My husband said afterward that he was quite wild, and that everybody was tittering, until finally poor Mr. G. took advantage of my stopping for breath to begin, 'For what we are about to receive,' etc. I was completely taken aback, and they told me afterward that the expression of my face was irresistibly funny. But how was I to know?"

"The struggle at the Z.'s to keep their guests quiet for grace is one of the jokes of the season," said a man recently, "and I really think under the present condition of society it would be better to give it up. They have no end of dinner parties and always say grace, whatever the number may be, for Mrs. Z.'s people are extremely strict in such matters. And I think she considers it to be a sort of salve to her conscience on account of going out so much and allowing her daughter to dance and go to the theater, so she would not give it up for the world. I was there the other evening. There were 18 at table. Those seated at either end in the immediate vicinity of the host and hostess realized the situation and preserved a decorous silence. But the rest would go on talking. 'Oh, hang it all!' said Harry Z. at last in desperation. 'Here goes.' And he rattled off something that was perfectly inaudible, but which removed the embargo from out tongues, and the dinner began. Perhaps you might put it in the light of casting pearls before swine, but I really think it would be more reverent to discontinue what can never become the general practice, now that it is one of those old customs that is more honored, it strikes me, in the breach than in the observance."—New York Tribune.

Fighting Fire With Fire.

One of the great achievements of the future is to be the utilization of antagonistic bacilli in stamping out diseases of various grades. It is thought that there will in time be discovered germs that will act as spiders do upon flies and cats upon mice. They will simply grapple with and destroy them. In a number of instances accidental inoculation of patients suffering from malignant disease with the germ of some other equally serious malady has resulted in the restoration of the patient to health. Just how this is done, just why it is, no one seems able to understand, but facts justify this conclusion. In one case the patient was considered hopelessly ill with an incurable disease. A careless physician brought from another patient the bacilli of an equally serious ailment, with which the sufferer was shortly attacked. After a number of weeks of extreme exhaustion and suffering, to the astonishment of everybody who knew the circumstances, the man began to mend and ultimately recovered, bearing no evidence of either disease, which seemed to have spent their force on each other and left the system almost clean. It will be an interesting day for medical science when doctors can bring out an army of erysipelas or other bacilli to fight the germs of equally malignant diseases.—New York Ledger.

Do Texas Foxes Climb Trees?

A correspondent of a sportsman's paper declared recently, "There is little sport to be had in hunting foxes in Texas, because they climb trees in 10 or 20 minutes after the dogs start them." The foxes in England are often driven to the trees by the eager dogs, but they do not climb in the sense that a squirrel or bear does. They jump to the lower branches of the trees and by their aid work themselves up to the top branches. A fox can get into a tree that is no higher than 8 feet to the lower branches, and it is probably by jumping that the Texas fox gets into the trees.

Strong, Progressive and Rich.

The Woman's club of Dorchester, Mass., has purchased a lot of land for a clubhouse site. The club is strong, progressive and rich, with a membership of 400 or 500. It was organized four years ago, and Mrs. Harriet E. Bean is the president. It is the first woman's club in the vicinity of Boston to own real estate.

Young Astor's Revenge.

There is a story told that when the present John Jacob Astor was a small boy in knickerbockers his mother had on a certain occasion to punish him for some misdemeanor. That evening Mrs. Astor gave a dinner party, and young John, who was still smarting under the recent chastisement, bethought himself of a way of retaliating. Having surreptitiously procured an onion from the cook's stores, he proceeded to cut it up and place the slices in the furnace on the hot coals. What was Mrs. Astor's mortification, in the midst of her entertainment, to perceive that a dreadful odor of fried onions was pervading the house and becoming stronger and more offensive every moment. The party was not a success, and later there was a reckoning with the heir of the house that "caused hot tears to flow."

Coming Home.

First Fisherman—Let me carry that basket. Any one can see you're green at this business.

Second Fisherman—Why, how should I carry it?

First Fisherman—As if there was something in it.—Pittsburg Dispatch.

The night blooming jasmine shows no special charm through the day, but at the approach of evening its little candle shaped flowers present a picture of singular beauty, while they fill the whole air with their fragrance.

A DAY IN BED.

An Experiment That Few Healthy People Have Time or Disposition to Try.

One often hears somebody say with glee that he is going to take a day off or a day in the country or a day on the river, but seldom if ever that he is going to take a day in bed, and yet a day so spent when one really needs a day off is one which deserves a red letter record in his history, according to a writer in the Pittsburg Times. One lies late of [illegible]nday mornings and tells what a lux[illegible] is not to have to get up at the [illegible]our, but one never knows the [illegible]ch a thing till he spends a w[illegible] bed. To enjoy it one must not [illegible]retend to be. He must be in [illegible] health and free from trouble o[illegible] sort. Then he is entirely [illegible] it is the only place in whic[illegible]

As soon as he [illegible]es under restraint, not [illegible] but mental, for no one [illegible]ape the influence of his [illegible] they be good or bad, in [illegible] For ages character has be[illegible] with clothes and will be fo[illegible] spite of all that has been or wi[illegible] against it. One may not always be[illegible] scious of the influence, but it exists [illegible] the same. Not a trace of it is felt when one is in bed. There he is free. He can twist and roll and kick and throw his arms about as he will. If he should do the like elsewhere, there would be suspicion of his sanity. A day in bed is not a day of rest merely, but of liberty. He has the infinite for his own.

Not a few of Pope's best lines came to him while in bed. Thomson composed his finest description of natural scenery while in bed. A like thing doubtless may be said of the humorists. There is little doubt that the liveliest jokes current were thought out while their authors were in bed. The blood flows freely then, digestion does its perfect work, the mind is relieved of the care of the body, the imagination and fancy roam the earth and skies and gather of their treasures, the inscriptions on the tablets of memory come out, and incident and adventure recur in a light of their own, suggesting new ideas and relations. One never knows what life is till he has spent a day in bed, in full or fair health, without a thought save those which come smiling to him in his rest.

WASHINGTON'S MARRIED LIFE.

Mrs. Washington's Mother Scarce Contributed to the Harmony of the Household.

"There is every reason to believe that Washington's married life was one of increasing happiness and satisfaction," writes General A. W. Greely, U. S. A., in The Ladies' Home Journal. "Unfortunately his letters to his wife were destroyed by her. But there are sufficient allusions in his general correspondence to indicate that they grew together with declining years, and that both husband and wife showed that consideration toward and respect for each other which are the soundest guarantees of marital happiness. Since circumstances did not permit frequent visits of his wife to her relatives we find Washington inviting her mother to come to Mount Vernon as her home. It does not appear that this introduction added to the harmony of the household, or if it did the admission of other women, relatives of husband or of wife, did not.

"In this respect Washington, writing later about his niece living at Mount Vernon, speaks of his love for her, but he says, 'I will never again have two women in my house when I am there myself.' Mrs. Washington proved an unfailing support to her husband in camp or court in peace or war, and Washington had her happiness and comfort always at heart. His field service was irksome only as entailing constant uneasiness on the part of his wife. Of the many instances of his tender solicitude for her uncertain health there is none more touching than that connected with his fatal illness. Attacked suddenly and seriously after midnight, Washington's malady was at least hastened by his unwillingness that his wife should incur the risk of a cold by rising during the bitter winter night to relieve his suffering."

He Was Eligible.

James Payn, the London writer, says a young man was paying his attentions to a "beloved object," contrary to the wishes of her father, "a man of thews and sinews," and one day the latter kicked the lover violently into the street. In a day or two (after recovery) the rejected suitor, apparently not one whit discouraged, called at the house once more. "What, again!" exclaimed paterfamilias, putting on his well soled boots for action. "No, sir," cried the young man. "I have given up all hope of winning your daughter, but in consequence of that astounding kick you gave me the other day I have been requested, on the strength of my earnest recommendation to the committee, to ask you to join our football club."

The New Reporter.

"Did you report that suicide as I told you to do last night?" asked the editor of the new reporter, a graduate of a school of journalism.

"I saw the corpse, sir, but found it impossible to write a description of the affair."

"Why?"

"How in the world was I to state the man's throat was cut from ear to ear when he had only one ear?"—London Fun.

The Editorial We.

De Tank—How startling are statistics! We drank 70,000,000 gallons of whisky last year.

Mrs. De Tank—Speak for yourself, please. You know I never touched a drop of it.—Peck's Sun.

Those who attain any excellence commonly spend life in one common pursuit, for excellence is not gained upon easier terms.—Johnson.

The arm and its muscles form the most approved style of lever.

Marvelous Results.

From a letter written by Rev J Gunderman, of Dimondale, Mich, we are permitted to make this extract: "I have no hesitation in recommending Dr. King's New Discovery, as the results were almost marvelous in the case of my wife. While I was pastor of the Baptist church at Rives Junction she was brought down with Pneumonia succeeding La Grippe. Terrible paroxysms of coughing would last hours with little interruption and it seemed as if she could not survive them. A friend recommended Dr. King's New Discovery, it was quick in its work and highly satisfactory in results." Trial bottles free at R R BELLAMY's drug store. Regular size 50c and $1.00.

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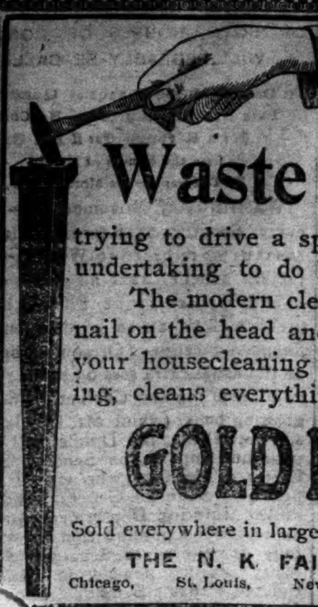

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trying to drive a spike with a tack hammer, undertaking to do housecleaning with soap. The modern cleaner, Gold Dust, hits the nail on the head and drives it home—settles your housecleaning difficulties, injures nothing, cleans everything, saves you.

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W. A. Wa[illegible] Y., says: "Have obtained quic[illegible]ults in Chron. Rheumatism and [illegible]

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W., N. & N. Railway.

In Effect Sunday, May 17, 1896

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

NORTH BOUND *6	NORTH BOUND †8	STATIONS.	SOUTH BOUND †7	SOUTH BOUND *5
A M	P M	—WILMINGTON—	P M	P M
	2 00	Lv...Mulberry street...Ar	12 40	
7 00	2 10	Lv...Surry street.....Ar	12 30	3 25
9 50		Ar...Jacksonville.....Lv		12 05
11 00	3 58	Lv " Ar	10 42	10 25
11 58	4 30	Lv...Maysville.......Lv	10 09	9 18
12 20	4 44	Lv...Pollocksville......Lv	9 55	8 50
1 30	5 2[illegible]	Ar...Newbern.........Lv	9 20	8 00
	P M		A M	

Nos. 5 and 6 mixed trains.
Nos. 7 and 8 passenger trains.
Trains 8 and 7 p m make connection with trains on A. & N. C. R. R. for Morehead City and Beaufort.
Connection with Steamer Neuse at Newbern to and from Elizabeth City and Norfolk Monday, Wednesday and Friday.
Steamer Geo. D. Purdy makes daily trips between Jacksonville and New River points.
*Monday, Wednesday and Friday.
‡Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday.
†Daily except Sunday.

H. A. WHITING, General Manager.

J. W. MARTENIS, Traffic Manager. my 22 tf

ATLANTIC COAST LINE.

SCHEDULE IN EFFECT Sept. 17, 1896.

DEPARTURE FROM WILMINGTON—NORTHBOUND.

DAILY 9.35 A M No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 11.02 a m, Warsaw 11.14 a m, Goldsboro 12.05 a m, Wilson 12.52 p m, Rocky Mount 1.35 p m, Tarboro 2.40 p m, Weldon 3.32 p m, Petersburg 5.29 p m, Richmond 6.40 p m, Norfolk 6.05 p m, Washington 11.10 p m, Baltimore 12.53 a m, Philadelphia 3.45 a m, New York 6.53 a m, †Boston 3.30 p m.

DAILY 7.00 P M No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8.30 p m, Warsaw 8.43 p m, Goldsboro 9.36 p m, Wilson 10.23 p m, †Tarboro 7.03 a m, Rocky Mount 11.05 p m, Weldon 1.01 a m, †Norfolk 10.40 a m, Petersburg 3.33 a m, Richmond 3.40 a m, Washington 7.00 a m, Baltimore 8.23 a m, Philadelphia 10.46 a m, New York 1.23 p m, Boston 8.30 p m.

SOUTHBOUND.

[illegible] No. 55—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 4.45 p m, Chadbourn 5.19 p m, Ma[illegible] 6.29 p m, Florence 7.10 p m, [illegible] 8.53 p m, Columbia 10.15 [illegible]mark 6.20 a m, Augusta 8.00 a [illegible]00 a m, Atlanta 12.15 p m, [illegible] p m, Savannah 12.50 a m, [illegible] m, St. Augustine [illegible]

[illegible] FROM THE [illegible]

[illegible] 1.00 p [illegible]phia [illegible]

[illegible] boro [illegible] 4.16 p m[illegible]

DAILY 9.30 a m No. 41—[illegible] a m, New Yor[illegible] 12.09 p m, Baltim[illegible]ton 3.46 p m, Richm[illegible]burg 8.12 p m, †Norfo[illegible]don 9.44 p m, †Tarboro [illegible] Mount 5.45 a m, le[illegible] 6.15 a m, Goldsboro 7.03 a m, [illegible] 7.51 a m, Magnolia 8.00 a m.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 12.35 a m No. 54—Passenger—Leave Tampa 7.00 [illegible] m, Sanford 1.55 p m, Jacksonville 7.00 p m, Savannah 12.10 night, Charleston 4.55 a m, Columbia 5.45 a m, Atlanta 7.15 a m, Macon 9.00 a m, Augusta 2.25 p m, Denmark 4.17 p m, Sumter 7.10 a m, Florence 8.50 a m, Marion 9.31 a m, Chadbourn 10.35 a m, Lake Waccamaw 11.06 a m.

†Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 3.55 p m, Halifax 4.13 p m, arrive Scotland Neck 5.05 p m, Greenville 6.47 p m, Kinston 7 45 p m. Returning, leaves Kinston 7 20 a m, Greenville 8.22 a m, Arriving Halifax at 11 00a m, Weldon 11.20 a m, daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 8.00 a m and 2 00 p m, arrive Parmele 8.50 a m and 3 40 p m; returning leaves Parmele 9 50 a m and 6 20 p m, arrives Washington 11 25 a m and 7.10 p. m. Daily except Sunday.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily at 5.30 p m, arrives Plymouth 7.35 p m. Returning, leaves Plymouth daily at 7.40 a m., Arrive Tarboro 9.45 a m.

Train on Midland N C Branch leaves Goldsboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 6 00 a m; arrive Smithfield, N. C., 7.30 a m. Returning, leaves Smithfield 7 50 a m, arrive Goldsboro, N. C., 9 15 a m.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 4.30 p m, arrives Nashville 5.05 p m, Spring Hope 5.30 p m. Returning leaves Spring Hope 8 a m, Nashville 8 35 a m; arrive Rocky Mount 9 05 a m, daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leave Warsaw for Clinton Daily except Sunday at 11.10 a m and 8.45 p m; returning leave Clinton at 8 00 p m, and 11.30 a m.

Florence Railroad leave Pee Dee 9 05 a m, arrive Latta 9.24 a m, Dillon 9 36 a m, Rowland 9 53 a m., returning leaves Rowland 6 06 p m, arrives Dillon 6.25 p m, Latta 6.37 p m, Pee Dee 6.58 p m, daily.

Trains on Conway Branch leave Hub at 8.30 a m, Chadbourn 10.40 a m, arrive Conway 12.55 p m, leave Conway 2 30 p m, Chadbourn 5.35 p m, arrive Hub 6.20 p m. Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Cheraw and Darlington Railroad leave Florence 8 55 a m, 9 40 a m and 7 45 p m, arrive Darlington 9 28 a m, 10 20 a m and 8 15 p m, leave Darlington 9 31 a m and 10 40 a m, arrive Cheraw 10 40 a m, 12 30 p m, leave Cheraw 12 45 p m, arrive Wadesboro 2 25 p m. Returning leave Wadesboro 3 p m, arrive Cheraw 4 50 p m, leave Cheraw 4 50 p m and 5 20 p m, arrive Darlington 7 p m and 6 27 p m. Leave Darlington 7 30 p m, 6 37 and 7 45 a m, arrive Florence 8.55 p m, 7 p m and 8 15 a m. Daily except Sunday. Sunday trains leave Floyds 7 30 a m, Darlington 7.45 a m, arrive Florence 8 10 a m. Returning leave Florence 9 a m, Darlington 9 3) a m, arrive Floyds 9 40 a m. Trains leave Gibson 6.15 a m, Bennettsville 6 41 a m, arrive Darlington 7.40 a m Sumter 9 25 a m. Returning, leave Sumter 6 30 p m, Darlington 8 15 p m, arrive Bennettsville 9 09 p m, Gibson 9 35 p m.

Central of South Carolina Railroad leave Sumter 6 08 p m, Manning 6.35 p m, arrive Lane's 7 12 p m, leave Lanes 8.34 a m, Manning 9.10 a m, arrive Sumter 9.39 a m. Daily.

Georgetown and Western Railroad leave Lanes 9.30 a m, 7 10 p m, arrive Georgetown 12 m, 8.30 p m, leave Georgetown 7 a m, 3 p m, arrive Lanes 8.25 a m, 5.25 p m. Daily except Sunday.

Wilson and Fayetteville Branch leave Wilson 2.10 p m, 11.18 p m, arrive Selma 2.55 p m, Smithfield 3.03 p m, Dunn 3.50 p m, Fayetteville 4.36 p m, 1.07 a m, Rowland 6.06 p m, returning leave Rowland 9.52 a m, Fayetteville 11.10 a m, 9.40 p m, Dunn 11.49 a m, Smithfield 12.27 p m, Selma 12.34 p m, arrive Wilson 1.20 p m, 11 35 p m.

Manchester & Augusta Railroad train leaves Sumter 4 23 a m, Creston 5 2[illegible] a m, arrive Denmark 6 20 a m. Returning leave Denmark 4 17 p m, Creston 5 16 p m, Sumter 6 05 p m. Daily.

Pregnalls Branch train leaves Creston 5 45 a m, arrive Pregnalls 9.15 a m. Returning leaves Pregnalls 10 p m, arrives Creston 3 50 p m. Daily except Sunday.

Bishopville Branch trains leave Elliott 11.10 a m and 7.15 p m, arrive Lucknow 1 p m and 8.15 p m. Returning leave Lucknow 6 05 a m and 2 00 p m, arrive Elliott 8 25 a m and 3.30 p m.

†Daily except Sunday. *Sunday only.

H. M. EMERSON, Ass't Gen'l Passenger Agent.

J. R. KENLY, Gen'l Manager.

T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager. sep 27 tf

Atlantic & North Carolina Railroad

Time Table.

In Effect Wednesday, May 27th, 1896.

GOING EAST. 3 Passenger Daily Ex Sunday. Arrive	GOING EAST. 3 Passenger Daily Ex Sunday. Leave	STATIONS.	GOING WEST. 4 Passenger Daily Ex Sunday. Arrive	GOING WEST. 4 Passenger Daily Ex Sunday. Leave
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.
....	3 20	Goldsboro..........	11 25	....
....	4 12	Kinston............	10 33	....
5 15	5 25	Newbern............	9 17	9 30
6 37	6 4[illegible]	Morehead City......	8 01	8 17
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.

Train 4 connects with W. & W. train bound North, leaving Goldsboro at 11 35 a m, and with Southern Railway train West, leaving Goldsboro 2.00 p. m., and with W. N. & N. at Newbern for Wilmington and intermediate points.

Train 3 connects with Southern Railway train, arriving at Goldsboro 3.00 p. m., and with W. & W. train from the North at 3.05 p. m. No. 1 train also connects with W. N. & N. for Wilmington and intermediate points.

S. L. DILL, Sup't.

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JOHN GILL, Receiver.

CONDENSED SCHEDULE.

IN EFFECT OCTOBER 18, 1896.

SOUTH BOUND DAILY No. 1.	MAIN LINE.	NORTH BOUND DAILY No. 2.
7 55 p. m.	Ar...Wilmington...Lv	7 35 a. m.
4 45 "	Lv...Fayetteville...Ar	10 45 a. m.
4 34 "	Ar...Fayetteville...Lv	11 05 "
4 26 "	Ar Fayetteville Junc Lv	11 15 "
2 10 "	Lv....Sanford.......Lv	12 59 p. m.
12 47 "	Lv.....Climax.......Lv	2 40 "
12 15 "	Lv....Greensboro....Ar	3 08 "
11 55 a m	Ar....Greensboro....Lv	3 15 "
11 07 "	Lv....Stokesdale....Lv	4 09 "
	Lv...Walnut Cove....Ar	4 32 "
10 23 "	Ar...Walnut Cove....Lv	4 38 "
10 00 "	Lv.....Rural Hall...Lv	5 12 "
8 40 "	Lv......Mt Airy.....Ar	6 35 "

SOUTH BOUND DAILY No. 3.	Bennettsville Division.	NORTH BOUND DAILY No. 4.
7 15 p m	Ar...Bennettsville...Lv	8 20 a. m.
6 15 "	Lv....Maxton.........Ar	9 20 "
5 42 "	Lv...Red Springs....Lv	10 08 "
5 00 "	Lv....Hope Mills....Lv	10 54 "
4 43 "	Lv....Fayetteville...Ar	11 05 "

SOUTH BOUND Daily except Sunday. No. 15. MIXED.	Factory and Madison Branches.	NORTH BOUND Daily except Sunday. No. 16. MIXED.
5 50 p m	Ar......Ramseur.....Lv	6 45 a. m.
4 05 "	Lv......Climax......Lv	8 35 "
3 10 "	Lv....Greensboro....Ar	9 20 "

NORTH BOUND.	No. 16 MIXED. daily ex su
Leave Greensboro....................	9 35 a. m
Leave Stokesdale.....................	10 57 "
Arrive Madison.......................	11 55 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 15. MIXED. daily ex su
Leave Madison........................	12 3[illegible] p m
Leave Stokesdale.....................	1 28 "
Arrive Greensboro....................	2 40 "

NORTH-BOUND CONNECTIONS

At Fayetteville with the Atlantic Coast Line for all points North and East, at Sanford with the Seaboard Air Line, at Greensboro with the Southern Railway Company, at Walnut Cove with the Norfolk & Western R. R. for Winston Salem.

SOUTH-BOUND CONNECTIONS

At Walnut Cove with the Norfolk & Western Railroad for Roanoke and points North and West, at Greensboro with the Southern Railway Company for Raleigh, Richmond and all points North and East, at Fayetteville with the Atlantic Coast Line for all points South, at Maxton with the Seaboard Air Line for Charlotte, Atlanta and all points South and Southwest.

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oct 18 tf

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[illegible]EST AND SOUTH.

		No.41	No403
[illegible]		P. M. [illegible] 20	A. M.
[illegible]			*9 10
Ar[illegible]			
Leave Ham[illegible]			
Arrive Osborn[illegible]			
" Kollock			
" Cheraw			
Leave Cheraw			
" Kollock			
" Osborne			
Arrive Hamlet			
Leave Wilmington	S. A. L.	[illegible]	[illegible]
" Monroe	"	9 05	*10 40
Arrive Chester	"	10 32	12 03
			P. M.
" Clinton	"	11 58	1 20
		A. M.	
" Greenwood	"	1 00	2 33
" Abbeville	"	1 32	2 58
" Elberton	"	2 36	4 00
" Athens	"	3 38	5 1[illegible]
" Atlanta	"	5 2[illegible]	6 45
Leave Atlanta	*A. & W. P.	5 35	
Ar Montgomery	West of Ala.	10 45	
		P. M.	
Arrive Mobile	L. & N.	4 10	
" New Orleans		8 30	
Arrive Columbia	C. N. & L.	A. M. *10 00	P. M. *4 30
Arrive Augusta	P. R. & W. C.	A. M. †9 35	P. M. 5 05
Arrive Macon	M & N.		P. M. *6 40

EAST AND NORTH.

APRIL 5th, 1896.		No 38	No402
Leave Wilmington	S. A. L		P. M. *3 20
Arrive Hamlet	"	A. M.	6 55
Leave Hamlet	"	*8 15	10 35
Arrive Southern Pines	"	9 15	11 21
			A. M.
" Raleigh	"	11 26	1 21
		P. M	
" Henderson	"	1 0[illegible]	2 33
" Weldon	"	*3 00	*4 05
Arrive Portsmouth	S. A. L	P. M *5 50	A. M. *7 30
" Norfolk	"	6 00	7 50
Arrive Richmond	A. C. L	P. M *6 40	A. M. *5 40
" Washington	P. R. R.	11 10	10 45
		A. M	P. M
" Baltimore	"	12 48	12 05
" Philadelphia	"	3 45	2 20
" New York	"	*6 53	*4 53

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*Daily. †Daily ex. Sunday. ‡Daily ex. Monday.

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ma 12 tf

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CROATAN,	Wednesday, Nov 11
ONEIDA,	Saturday, Nov. 14
PAWNEE,	Wednesday, Nov. 18
CROATAN,	Saturday, Nov. 21

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PAWNEE,	Friday, Nov. 13
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CROATAN,	Saturday, Nov. 19
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REAL ESTATE AGENT, Wilmington, N. C. Stores, Offices and Dwellings for rent. Houses and Lots for sale on easy terms. Rents, taxes and insurance attended to promptly. Cash loaned on improved city real estate. sep 6 tf

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

Wednesday Morning, Nov. 11

GRAIN AND PROVISIONS.

Wheat Closed Strong and Higher—An Advance in Corn and Oats—Pork Products Lower.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHICAGO, November 10.—Bull news and bull enthusiasm carried the day in wheat. Anything not bearing the stamp of encouragement was rejected and the least item tending to stimulate and enhance prices was circulated industriously. The cash situation and higher Liverpool cables received the greatest attention but other matters, such as the seeding in Russia, the famine in India and a probable moderate crop in Argentine, were duly considered. The market opened quite two cents higher than it closed yesterday and, excepting for a brief reaction during the morning, retained the advantage, hardening further towards the close, which was at but a moderate recession from the outset. December wheat opened from 80¾@80⅞c, sold between 79⅝ and 81¼c, closing at 80⅝—2c higher than yesterday. Cash wheat was strong and 2c higher.

Corn—A slight advance in corn was deemed an adequate concession to the sympathy existing between it and wheat. The conditions in corn are not such as to warrant anything important in the way of an advance. May corn opened from 29¼ to 29⅜c, sold between 29⅜ and 29⅛c, closing at 29⅝@29⅝c—⅝@⅝c higher than yesterday. Cash corn was ¼@⅜c higher.

Oats rose proportionately to the strength derived from the other grains. A reasonably fair business was transacted. May oats closed ⅜c higher than yesterday. Cash oats were firm and ⅜c higher.

Provisions—Initial trading in provisions indicated a disposition to extract encouragement from the grain markets, but the packers sold a little and prices yielded. The hog market lacked strength, that causing the product to display an easy feeling. At the close January pork and ribs were each 2½c lower, and January lard 2½@5c lower.

GOVERNMENT FINANCES.

Receipts of Gold at the U. S. Treasury—Continued Increase in the Deficit.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, November 10.—The Treasury, for the first time in several years, is receiving gold in considerable quantities for custom duties. From this reason and from the further fact previously mentioned in these dispathes that gold is being withdrawn from hoarding pieces and deposited in the various sub-Treasuries, the gold ba[illegible] at the close of business to-day [illegible] creased to $122 234,815. Th[illegible] policy of the Department [illegible] age the receipt of gold [illegible] has not on hand, with[illegible] ing itself, suffici[illegible] change for all [illegible] offered. The [illegible] $229 808 00[illegible] $122,000,0[illegible] greenb[illegible] no[illegible] c[illegible] [illegible] will [illegible] ax on [illegible] el. This [illegible] d by Com- [illegible] easury deficit [illegible], one-third of [illegible] sed, is $4,453,000, [illegible] since July 1st. 1895.

SPOTS AND FUTURES.

New York Sun's Review of the Cotton Market.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, November 10.—The *Sun* says: Spot cotton here was unchanged. Liverpool was unchanged on the spot, with sales of 12,000 bales. Futures advanced two to two and a half points.

Futures here opened two to five points higher, lost this and declined one to three points, recovered the loss and advanced seven to ten points, then lost the improvement and declined, closing easy at a net decline of six to eight points for the day, with sales of 256,800 bales. The trading to-day was active, but the market feverish and unsettled, and the fluctuations in prices were frequent. Prices advanced for a time, influenced by a rise in Liverpool, and the expectation that the bureau report would indicate a moderate crop. Liverpool and the South bought to some extent and local shorts covered, while there was also some new buying. But the early buyers turned sellers, and prices weakened and slowly declined. The South sold freely and local operators took profits. The bureau did not issue the usual report owing to the incompleteness of the returns from the South, but the statement issued by the department was of a bearish tenor and contributed to weaken the tone. The crop movement was moderate. spot cotton at the South was higher, the exports from the ports were heavy and reports from the dry goods trade were very favorable. Silver was unchanged in London, but lower here.

COTTON CROP.

Department Returns Too Meagre for Trustworthy Report.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, November 10.—Owing, presumably, to the Presidential election, the returns of the Department of Agriculture correspondents as to the comparative and prospective yield of the cotton crop are too meagre for a trustworthy report, though such returns as have been received indicate a somewhat greater yield than was promised in last month's report.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, November 10.—Rosin firm; strained common to good $1 92½. Spirits turpentine easy at 28½c.

CHARLESTON, November 10.—Spirits turpentine—not reported; sales — casks. Rosin firm; sales — barrels; prices: B, C $1 40, D, E $1 45, F, G $1 50, H $1 55, I, K $1 60, M $1 80, N $2 00, W G $2 20, W W $2 40.

SAVANNAH, November 10.—Spirits turpentine opened firm at 25½c, with sales of 50 casks; closed firm at 25⅝c bid; no further sales, factors holding for higher prices; receipts 1,089 casks. Rosin—market firm; prices unchanged; sales of 4,000 barrels; receipts 6,515 barrels; prices A, B, C, D, E $1 50, F $1 60, G, H $1 65, I, K $1 70, M $1 90, N $2 10, W G $2 30, W W $2 60.

The battleship Iowa started on a preliminary trial trip yesterday afternoon.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

VENEZUELA TROUBLE.

AMICABLE AND HONORABLE SETTLEMENT OF THE DIFFICULTY.

Meeting of the Commission in Washington—Statement of the Secretary—Correspondence Between Secretary Olney and Lord Salisbury.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, November 10.—The Venezuelan Commission met to-day, with all members present. The report of Professor Burr, who has been at the Hague studying Dutch archives, was received and the professor was heard on it.

Mr. Mallet-Prevost, secretary of the Commission, made the following statement after to-day's session:

"The statement of Lord Salisbury, as reported in the morning papers, makes it probable that the boundary dispute now pending between Great Britain and Venezuela will be settled by arbitration at an early day. Under these circumstances the Commission, while continuing its deliberations in the preparation and orderly arrangement of many valuable maps, reports and documents which have been procured and used in the course of its labors, does not propose to formulate any decision, for the present, of the matters subject to its examination. It will continue its sessions from time to time, but with the hope and expectation that a friendly and just settlement of all pending differences between the nations interested will make any final decision on its part unnecessary."

Two letters which were exchanged between the United States and Great Britain regarding Venezuela say the presentation of Mr. Olney's counter-proposition of June 12 were given to the press at the State Department this afternoon, and help materially to clear up the situation. In a dispatch of May 22, 1895, Lord Salisbury had proposed an evenly divided commission to report upon territory in dispute outside the so-called settled districts, and Secretary Olney had suggested the provision for a commission of unequal numbers. The next dispatch was from Lord Salisbury to Sir Julian Pauncefote, and was as follows:

"FOREIGN OFFICE, July 3d, 1896—Sir: I have to acknowledge Your Exc[illegible] lency's dispatch of the 15th of June [illegible] closing a note from Mr. Olney, i[illegible] he explains the reasons that i[illegible] Government of the Unit[illegible] withhold their assent fr[illegible] sals with respect to [illegible] frontier, contained [illegible] 22d of May.

"The argum[illegible] supports th[illegible] ful attenti[illegible] ment. the [illegible] el- jo[illegible] a Mr. [illegible] to the [illegible] uation, has [illegible] of the pro- [illegible] nor to make to [illegible] appears to be a [illegible] on that the boun- [illegible] to be the true one by [illegible] hall not operate upon [illegible] ide occupied by a British [illegible] shall be deflected in every [illegible] to make such territory part [illegible] sh Guinia.' This was not the [illegible] on of my proposal, and the [illegible] guage of my dispatch of the 22d of [illegible] ay does not, I think, fairly bear this construction. I proposed that 'the tribunal should not have power to include such districts as the territory of Venezuela,' but I did not propose that they should not necessarily be assumed without further proof to be part of British Guinia. I only stipulated that the ownership of them was not to be decided by the tribunal, which, in our judgment was inadequate for this purpose, though it was adequate for the assignment of the unsettled districts. The settled districts, shown to be in dispute by the inquiries of the commission, were to be disposed of by subsequent negotiations. The claim of Venezuela is so far reaching that it brings into question interests and rights which cannot properly be disposed of by an unrestricted arbitration. It extends as far as the Essequibo; it covers two-thirds of the colony of British Guinia, it impeaches titles which has been unquestioned for many generations. These districts must be treated separately, and until further inquiry has thrown more light upon the matter, it is only by reserving the settled districts generally that this can be done.

"The view of Her Majesty's Government is that where the matter in issue is of great importance and involves rights which belong to a considerable population and are deeply cherished by them, special precautions against any miscarriage of justice are required, of which I have indicated the general character in this correspondence, but which are not required where a title to unoccupied territory is alone in issue. It is for this reason that Her Majesty's Government proposed to except these districts from the jurisdiction of the arbitral tribunal, though it could deal adequately with the disputed claims to territory that is not occupied. But they did not intend by that stipulation to ask the Government of the United States to prejudice any question which has been raised or might be raised with respect to the ownership of settled districts. This part of the subject, confessedly the most difficult part, would have been reserved for separate examination.

"I should wish you to offer this explanation to Mr. Olney when you have an opportunity, and if he desires it, give him a copy of this dispatch. I will reserve for another occasion the observations which, after consideration, I may have to make in reply to the general argument of his note.

[Signed] SALISBURY."

Secretary Olney's reply to this letter follows:

DEPARTMENT OF STATE, WASHINGTON, D. C., July 13, 1896.—EXCELLENCY: I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt from you of a copy of Lord Salisbury's dispatch to you of the 3rd inst. Its object is to explain that His Lordship, in his previous dispatch of May 22nd, did not intend that the boundary line fixed by the proposed arbitral tribunal should include in British Guinia any territory *bona fide* occupied by a British subject January 1st, 1887. But, as such territory must fall upon one side or the other of any complete boundary line, and was certainly not in any event to be assigned to Venezuela, all the present explanation would seem to show is that Lord Salisbury's proposals of May 22d contemplated not a complete boundary line, but a part or parts of such line, namely, such part or parts as might divide uninhabited or unsettled territory. Such a conclusion requires a somewhat heroic construction of a paper which in terms proposes "the following basis of settlement of the Venezuelan boundary dispute." By which the two governments are to agree "on to boundary" upon the basis of a certain report by which, in the absence of such an agreement and arbitral tribunal, is to "fix the boundary line upon the basis of such report." Nothing in this language intimates that anything less than a complete boundary line is to be the outcome of the plan suggested. The discussion is, however, hardly worth pursuing. If Lord Salisbury did not make his meaning clear in the dispatch of May 22d, he certainly is entitled to make it clear now. There is another part of the dispatch which seems to me of more importance and upon which I wish to base an inquiry. "The claim of Venezuela," it is said, "is so far reaching that it brings into question interests and rights which cannot properly be disposed of by an unrestricted arbitration. It extends as far as the Essequibo; it covers two-thirds of the colony of British Guinia; it impeaches titles which have been unquestioned for many generations; that Venezuela claims territory extending into the Essequibo, or covering two-thirds of the colony of British Guinia, cannot be regarded as being of itself an insuperable obstacle to unrestricted arbitration. But the objection that the Venezuelan claim "impeaches titles which have been unquestioned for many generations" is undoubtedly of the most weighty character. The inquiry I desire to put, therefore, is this. Can it be assumed that Her Majesty's Government would submit to unrestricted arbitration the whole of the territory in dispute provided it be a rule of the arbitration, embodied in the arbitral agreement, that territory which has been in the exclusive, notorious and actual use and occupation of either party for two generations, or say for sixty years, shall be held by the arbitrators to be the territory of such party? Or in other words, will Her Majesty's Government assent to unrestricted arbitration of all the territory in controversy, with the period for the acquisition of title by prescription fixed by agreement of the parties in advance at sixty years?

I enclose copy of the dispatch for Lord Salisbury's use. I should be glad to have its substance transmitted by cable that it may be published with the other correspondence on the 18th inst.

[Signed] RICHARD OLNEY.

The concluding suggestion of Secretary Olney for sixty years as the period for acquisition of title to property led to a counter-proposal from Lord Salisbury to reduce the time to twenty years, which was the term common in the United States, or to twenty-one years which was common law in Engla[illegible] Venezuela, however, would not co[illegible] to this, nor did Secretary Olne[illegible] tain the suggestion for such a[illegible] Considerable discussion fi[illegible] in virtual agreement o[illegible] the period. Fifty y[illegible] satisfy Venezuela [illegible] cally make the a[illegible] as nearly all th[illegible] taken plac[illegible] burgk's li[illegible] ully within [illegible] I [illegible] Right [illegible] Chief Sec- [illegible] to-night at [illegible] ch district he [illegible] e of Commons. [illegible] peech he expressed [illegible] Salisbury's statement [illegible] banquet last night, re- [illegible] actical settlement of the [illegible] question. He said he did not [illegible] t there was any international [illegible] n of more importance, not even [illegible] egarding the Eastern question, [illegible] the one relative to permanent arbi- [illegible] ation between Great Britain and the United States. This statement was greeted with cheers by the audience.

Continuing, Mr. Morley said he trusted that the two nations, which were far ahead of the great military monarchies in a thousand other respects, had set them in this matter a splendid and beneficial example.

GEORGIA SENATORSHIP.

Another Democratic Caucus and Balloting Without Result—It Looks Like a Long Dead-Lock.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

ATLANTA, Nov. 10.—The General Assembly began balloting to-day in open session for United States Senator. The Democratic caucus before adjournment last night instructed each delegation to vote in open session for some one from its own county. This was followed today and about one hundred and thirty different names were voted for by the Democrats. J. F. Hanson, of Macon, received the Republican vote and the Populists cast their ballots for Gen. Phillips, of Marietta. After one ballot the joint session was dissolved.

At 8 o'clock this afternoon the Democratic caucus met again, and balloting was resumed. Six ballots were taken without a nomination. On the eighteenth E. P. Howell led. Before the vote was announced Pope Brown, of Pulaski county, one of the most influential members of the House, arose and stated that he desired to change his vote from Atkinson to Howell. This was applauded by the Howell men and there was a prospect of a stampede, but Chairman Battle, who was presiding over the caucus ruled that the member could not change his vote unless he had cast it under a misapprehension. Mr. Brown did not admit that he had so voted, and his vote stood for Atkinson. A recess was then taken until 8 p. m.

Balloting was resumed by the caucus at 8 o'clock.

On the twenty-third ballot Atkinson received 51; Clay, 52; Howell, 39; Lewis, 15; Evans, 6; Robertson, 0. At the conclusion of the twenty-third ballot the caucus adjourned until Thursday afternoon at 3 o'clock.

On the last ballot to-night there were twenty-one absentees. It looks like a long deadlock.

Scattering votes were cast to-night for F. G. Dubignon of Chatham, ex-Secretary Hoke Smith and Sam Jones.

POSTOFFICE DEPARTMENT.

Estimates for Appropriations for the Next Fiscal Year.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, November 10.—Postmaster General Wilson has submitted to the Secretary of the Treasury his estimates for the Postoffice Department for the fiscal year ending June 30 h. 1898. The First Assistant Postmaster General's office requires $48,542,500, an increase over the previous year of $2,019,-750; Second Assistant Postmaster General's office, $52,224,500, an increase of $2 385,835; Third Assistant's office, $1,-859,100, an increase of $87,400, and for the office of the Fourth Assistant $883,-811. Six thousand dollars is asked for advertisements and miscellaneous matters, which make a grand total of $97,-515,411, an increase over the estimates of 1897 of $4,948,846.

COXEY CALLS A CONFERENCE

Of All Friends of Reform to Meet in St. Louis Next January.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CLEVELAND, November 10.—Commonwealer J. S. Coxey has called a conference of all friends of the initiative and referendum and other reforms to meet at the Lindell Hotel, St. Louis, January 19, 1897. At this meeting a platform will be presented declaring for the demonetization of gold as well as silver, State ownership of all railroads, highways, waterways and telegraph and telephone lines, municipal ownership of all street car lines, waterworks, market houses, electric light and gas plants, and woman suffrage and election of President by direct vote of the people. Also, that national banks should loan money to the people at cost.

The London *Chronicle's* Constantinople correspondents telegraph that many innocent persons who have long been confined in prison are being released.

An Important Difference.

To make it apparent to thousands, who think themselves ill, that they are not afflicted with any disease, but that the system simply needs cleansing, is to bring comfort home to their hearts as a costive condition is easily cured by using Syrup of Figs. Manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Company only, and sold by all druggists.

AN EXTRA SESSION

OF BOTH HOUSES OF CONGRESS WILL PROBABLY BE CALLED

To Deal With the Financial Question and Pass Appropriation Bills—No Chance For a Revenue Tariff Bill Before the Fourth of March.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, November 10.—Nearly every Senator or Representative who has thus far returned to Washington expresses a belief that an extra session of both Houses of the Fifty-fifth Congress will be called to deal with the financial question. Of course there will be the usual extra session of the Senate to confirm the new Cabinet. There is a growing belief (which Mr. Dingley himself shares) that the Dingley bill will remain hung up in the Senate. Senator Carter, of Montana, who visited his old headquarters in the General Land Office at the Interior Department yesterday expressed his opinion that it would b[illegible] folly for the silver Senators to lon[illegible] resist tariff legislation and [illegible] timated that Senator Sho[illegible] Idaho, and himself wo[illegible] with the Republicans to [illegible] bill. But the shortness [illegible] the necessity of pass[illegible] priation bills befor[illegible] render it highly [illegible] bill can hold its [illegible] iatory tactics cert[illegible] prevent its passa[illegible] Senators should [illegible] it. S[illegible] ins quietly at h[illegible] and declines to [illegible] s. [illegible] Tawney, of Minnesota, [illegible] Ways and Means Com- [illegible] st the only member of the [illegible] e who does not favor an [illegible] on. But even he admits there [illegible] ance of a revenue tariff bill pass- [illegible] e Senate before the 4th of March. Tawney says Minnesota would like [illegible] o see higher duties on her iron ores and agricultural products, but he is not in favor of disturbing present business relations violently if it can be avoided.

The Republican Congressional Campaign Committee is to be made permanent, with headquarters in Washington, where in connection with the National Committee it will continue the fight against free silver. Some time next month it will abandon its temporary quarters in the Hotel Normandie and establish permanent headquarters, probably in the same building with the National Committee. While its work will be chiefly devoted to Congressional districts, it will assist the National Committee in any campaign work that it may undertake.

MURDER IN SOUTH CAROLINA.

J. B. Beeco Shot and Instantly Killed by Thomas W. Austin.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

COLUMBIA, S. C., November 10.—A special to the *State* says: This morning about 9 o'clock, in Dunklin township, ten miles below Greenville, S. C., Thos. W. Austin shot and instantly killed J. B. Beeco. A year ago Beeco moved from Piedmont to the Austin neighborhood. Mr. Austin alleged that improper relations existed between Beeco and Mrs. Austin, and ordered Beeco to leave the neighborhood and never return under the penalty of death. Beeco had not been seen in the neighborhood since until this morning, when he and his father drove up to Austin's store, which is part of his residence. He called Mr. Austin. The latter saw him, grabbed his double barrelled shot gun which was loaded with buckshot, ran out to the buggy and emptied the first load into Beeco's breast and as he fell fired the other load into his head. Austin came to the city this afternoon, bringing the gun with him which he used and surrendered to the sheriff. He is now in jail. Austin is 53 years old, his wife 40, and Beeco 25. Austin is not considered strong minded.

ALABAMA'S LEGISLATURE.

Convened in Regular Session—Contest for the Senatorship—Three Candidates in the Field.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

MONTGOMERY, November 10.—Both Houses of the Legislature were called to order at noon to-day. Nothing was done in either house except to swear in the members. Organization will be completed to-morrow by the election of officers selected by caucuses. The Senate caucus elected Hon. D. A. Sayre for president.

Voting for Senator will not begin until the 24th, the second Tuesday after organizing. Senator Pugh, Gov. Oates, Gen. Pettus and Hon. John H. Bankhead are announced as candidates for the Senate. All four have opened headquarters and their friends are working like beavers. It would be a wise man who could predict the outcome of the race. Two weeks hence may put a different phase on the question from what the surface now shows.

FATAL ACCIDENT.

Man and Woman Killed at a Railroad Crossing.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

READING, PA., November 10.—A fatal accident happened at the Gibraltar crossing of the Pennsylvania Railroad this afternoon. The victims were Chas. F. Bright, aged 39, one of Reading's well-to-do citizens, and Miss Catherine Boyer, aged 19. Bright was a married man and met Miss Boyer to-day at her boarding house. Later she was joined by Bright in the lower portion of the city and they started for a drive. While crossing the tracks at Gibraltar a fast freight came along striking the buggy in the centre. Bright was thrown under the wheels and ground to pieces, his features being unrecognizable. Miss Boyer was injured about the head and had one of her limbs broken, and died a few minutes after the accident.

ARMENIANS MASSACRED.

One Hundred Inhabitants of the Village of Everek Murdered by Turks.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LONDON, November 10.—A dispatch from the Southern Associated Press' representative in Constantinople says that advices received in that city from Kaisarieh, Asia Minor, state that a band of Turks has plundered the village of Everek, killing one hundred of the Armenian inhabitants and setting fire to and destroying fifty houses. Not one of the Turkish marauders were killed. Kaisarieh, the advices further state, has been thrown into a state of panic by the outrage.

KENTUCKY'S ELECTION.

Probability of Electing Two If Not Three Bryan Electors.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

LOUISVILLE, Nov. 10.—Secretary Richardson, of the Democratic Campaign Committee, said last night that his committee had strong hopes of electing two if not three Bryan electors. Mr. Richardson thinks it probable that not only Smith, who heads the list of Democratic electors, but also J. P. Tarvin, from the State at large, and J. D. Flournoy, from the First district will pull through. Mr. Richardson also said: "I have not stopped figuring yet. We still think that Bryan has carried Kentucky." The Republican managers say that but one Bryan elector, if any, will win.

LET EVERY WOMAN READ.

There Is Str[illegible]gth and Health In This Gre[illegible]est of Discoveries!

At Every Stage of [illegible] Where Renewed Nervous Energy, Pure Blood, Freedom From Pain, and Normal Co[illegible]ns Are Despaired of, Paine' Celery Compound Is the One Remedy That Will B[illegible] ake You Well!

The first [illegible] e land have good reason to recommend to every sufferer Pa[illegible] compound.

Th[illegible] of Paine's celery compound are not "patent medicine men[illegible]

[illegible] not one whit more for this wonderful remedy than it will

[illegible] resort to no schemes to sell it; they offer no prizes. They be- [illegible] the only kind of advertising that can be profitable in the end; that [illegible] recommendations that go by letter or word of mouth from those [illegible] om Paine's celery compound has benefited, to suffering friends, relatives and neighbors. The propietors of this remedy have given out for publication the voluntary testimonials of grateful women and men, who owe their health to Paine's celery compound; they never change a writer's words or exaggerate a person's importance; they never placard a plain citizen with titles; they never call a simple cure a miracle.

Paine's celery compound is to day the least advertised of any prominent remedy, and yet its output is far greater than them all. The demand for Paine's celery compound is steadily, daily growing, while the sales of every one of the artfully but dishonestly advertised "patent medicines" are fast dropping off.

Although within a year the most astonishing number of people in high society, men who hold public offices of great importance, the wives of most distinguished citizens, such people as for instance, Mrs. Senator Quay, Mrs. Dr. Parkhurst, Elizabeth Cady Stanton, Congressmen Grout, Powers, Wilber, Bell, Mrs. U. S. Senator Warren, the great Presbyterian leader, Rev. Charles I. Thompson, D. D., of New York, Maj. Gen. Birney, Congressman Meredith of Virginia, Mrs. H. B. Sperry, Supt. W. F. Smith, of the U. S. botanical department, Helena Modjeska, Col. Littler of the Chicago produce exchange, the Rev. Dr. Meek, President Rowley, Hon. George L. Fletcher, ex-Minister Francis—the public will recall scores of others of equal prominence—

Although it has happened that within the past year voluntary testimonials have been constantly received from hundreds of such people, men and women who need no introduction to any section of this great country—

Still the greatest pride of the makers of the remedy is not so much the reliance that the rich and titled have come to put upon it; but the good that Paine's celery compound is doing in the army of people whose circle of acquaintances is limited to their immediate neighbors, the good it is doing among hard working people, whose health is no less valuable than that of the famous or wealthy, and whose heart-felt testimonials are the best of all tributes to the first among American physicians, Prof. Edward E. Phelps, M. D., LL. D.

He discovered a remedy that could be put within the reach of the poor as well as the rich, a remedy that has revolutionized in a few years the general practice of medicine.

Until this discovery there was no cure for the many ills that women suffer—women whose nervous system, for one reason and another, is impaired, whose life is a burden on account of what are ordinarily termed "female ailments."

The pains and aches which our mothers thought they must endure, now vanish entirely under the curative, health giving influence of Paine's celery compound. Like nothing else, it gives new vigor, new life, new strength. It makes nervous, ailing women well and cheerful. It dispels sleeplessness; headaches disappear. Paine's celery compound makes it unnecessary for women, at any stage of life, to suffer from those serious ills that afflict so many. And Paine's celery compound not merely relieves but permanently cures.

SOUTHERN EXPORT TRAFFIC.

The Scheme for a Direct Line of Steamers to European Ports.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, November 10.—President Samuel Spencer, of the Southern Railway Company, discussed at length to-day the plan and scope of the scheme to develop Southern export traffic, which was arranged when he was abroad in the summer. The charter of steamers of the Johnston line in Liverpool, to run to European ports, has already been reported in the dispatches of the Southern Associated Press. In explanation of this strengthening of the export trade of the South by trustworthy ocean service at regular rates, Mr. Spencer said:

"Johnston & Co., limited, are among the strongest people on the North Atlantic in regard to cargo or freight boats. No better selection could have been made. Three lines will be established, one from Norfolk, another Savannah, and a third from Brunswick."

WARM WIRELETS.

Governor Carr at noon yesterday opened the nineteenth annual colored State Fair in Raleigh. Exhibits are of the best ever made.

Two masked robbers entered the store of S. T. Harris in the town of Lancaster, Tex., and forced a clerk to open the safe and give up $400.

John Taylor, 23 years old, was killed yesterday at Montmorence, S. C., by a train on the South Carolina & Georgia road. He was standing on the track.

At the Crystal Palace, London, Eng., yesterday, the tandem bicycle record for half a mile was broken by McGregor and Nelson, who rode the distance in 57¼ seconds.

A London dispatch says the British steamship Avonmore, from Galveston for Bremen via Norfolk, signalled off Point Lynas that the cargo in her forehold was on fire.

All the Erie Railway shops along the system are working full time for the first time in years, giving employment to 2 500 men. The shops at Meadville resumed yesterday.

Judge Speer, of the United States District Court for the Southern District of Georgia, signed an order yesterday for the sale of the Atlantic short line on November 17th. No price is fixed.

H. B. Ferguson, free silver Democrat, is elected delegate to Congress in New Mexico by over 1,800, over Catron, Republican, the present delegate. The Legislature is regarded safely Democratic.

The Spanish forces won a brilliant victory over the insurgents at Novelta, Philipine Islands. There was desperate fighting. The insurgents lost four hundred and the Spaniards thirty-three killed.

The London *Daily News'* Vienna correspondent telegraphs that reports from Constantinople show that the situation there is very dangerous. The families of most of the diplomats have left the city.

At Davenport, Iowa, the Bettendorf Wheel Works and other manufactories have increased their forces of men. The Knostman and Peterson Furniture Factory started up with a full force of men Monday.

Official returns from every county in the Sixth Congressional district of Texas give Burke, Democrat, 8 050 majority over Gibbs, Populist, who was endorsed by the Republicans and gold Democrats.

U. S. Comptroller Eckels has closed the First National Bank of Decorah, Iowa, capital $75,000, and placed State Examiner Stone in charge. The bank is in bad shape, being unable to realize on its assets.

Col. Luther A. Hall, a Federal prisoner from Georgia, died in the Ohio State prison of dropsy. His crime was conspiracy against Col. Forsythe, a Federal revenue collector, who is a relative of President Cleveland.

At Troy, N. Y., yesterday, in the Superior Court, ex-county Treasurer Geo. H. Morrison was sentenced to ten years and five months imprisonment on his plea of guilty to charges of embezzling funds of the county.

Inability to realize on its securities and heavy withdrawals of deposits caused the Iowa Savings Bank at Sioux City to close its doors yesterday. The bank's last statement showed assets of $470,000; deposits, $150,000.

No further Wyoming returns have been received. Both parties have sent representatives into Big Horn county to watch the canvassing of the county. It is probable that a contest will be made in the Congressional election.

A conflagration swept over the business portion of Gatesville, county seat of Gates county, North Carolina, yesterday morning. Among the losses are the Riddick Hotel and several leading stores. There was practically no insurance.

A meeting of stockholders of the Baltimore Sugar Refining Company will be held Thursday, at which the question of reopening the big plant at Curtis Bay will be decided. The refinery has been idle since it was burned more than a year ago.

"I had severe pains in my head and discharges from my ears; my general health was also very poor. The druggists advised to try Hood's Sarsaparilla, which I did. The bad feeling in my head and the earache are now all gone." Mrs. T. G. Ryhne, Dallas, N. C. Hood's Pills are reliable, sure.

HAVANA ADVICES.

Towns Attacked by Insurgent Forces—A Number of Arrests Made—An American Among the Prisoners.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

HAVANA, Nov. 10.—The towns of Vegas and Cojimar, the latter being close to this city, were attacked by rebels yesterday. The garrisons at both places repulsed the insurgents. No losses are reported.

The police have searched the rooms of a social club at Regla, across the bay from Havana, and found a quantity of ammunition. A number of arrests were made. Among the prisoners is Louis Lay, an American. Vice Consul Springer, who is acting in place of Consul General Lee during the latter's absence in the United States, is making an investigation into the case.

Leavitt and Melton, two of the men captured on the filibustering schooner Competitor and now awaiting re-trial, are suffering with yellow fever. They have been taken to the hospital.

A young man named Edward Gay has been arrested in Norfolk, Va., upon the charge of stealing $6,000 from H. Dalton Newcomb, a young sporting man, while they were both at the Mount Vernon Hotel, Baltimore. Gay claims to be a newspaper man and a correspondent of the New York *Journal*.

The silver Democrats of Frankfort, Ky., having control of the party organization, have taken steps to rule sound-money men out of the party, and in their call for a county convention will recognize as Democrats only free coinage men.

Treasury balances: Coin, $119,780,811; currency, $54,210,572.

The Bug and the Elephant.

One day as the sage was making his rounds among his subjects he was halted by the bug, who began:

"O sage, the elephant has abused me in the most shameful manner, and I cry for justice!"

"So Jumbo has been picking on you, eh!" queried the sage. "State your case."

"I was going down the path and he was coming up, and he refused to turn aside when I called to him."

"I see."

"Further than that, he insisted on standing in such a way as to hide the sun from me for a quarter of an hour."

"Go on."

"Then as he passed on, he shook the ground so as to tumble me over," continued the bug.

"Is that all?"

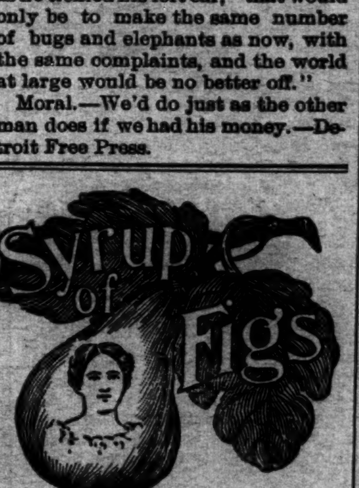
"No, O sage. When I attacked him, he paid no attention to me. I don't believe he even knew that I pitched into him."

"Sad—very sad. What do you propose?"

"That you, O sage, turn all the bugs into elephants and all the elephants into bugs."

"My buggy friend," said the sage as he tickled his left ear, "that would only be to make the same number of bugs and elephants as now, with the same complaints, and the world at large would be no better off."

Moral.—We'd do just as the other man does if we had his money.—Detroit Free Press.



Gladness Comes

With a better understanding of the transient nature of the many physical ills, which vanish before proper efforts—gentle efforts—pleasant efforts—rightly directed. There is comfort in the knowledge, that so many forms of sickness are not due to any actual disease, but simply to a constipated condition of the system, which the pleasant family laxative, Syrup of Figs, promptly removes. That is why it is the only remedy with millions of families, and is everywhere esteemed so highly by all who value good health. Its beneficial effects are due to the fact, that it is the one remedy which promotes internal cleanliness without debilitating the organs on which it acts. It is therefore all important, in order to get its beneficial effects, to note when you purchase, that you have the genuine article, which is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only and sold by all reputable druggists.

If in the enjoyment of good health, and the system is regular, laxatives or other remedies are then not needed. If afflicted with any actual disease, one may be commended to the most skillful physicians, but if in need of a laxative, one should have the best, and with the well-informed everywhere, Syrup of Figs stands highest and is most largely used and gives most general satisfaction.

The Simplest Method.

The fashionable fad for artistic expression from a spiritual standpoint, which soars high above the average comprehension, recalls a suggestive remark of the young but eminently practical William Henry, whose "letters" Mrs. Abby Morton Diaz gave to the public a good many years ago. The subject of dancing school, which his boyish soul abhorred, was under discussion by his parents. "I told 'em," says the artless youth, "I didn't see any need of learning how to enter a room. I told 'em just walk right in!"—New York Journal.

Takes Time to Put Them On.

"There is no need of taking space in the programme to specify that a long time elapses between the first and second acts," observed the actor petulantly. "Don't you see that in the first act the heroine is bareheaded, while in the second she wears her hat and gloves?"

And the playwright, who had until then felicitated himself upon his knowledge of human nature, was deeply chagrined.—Detroit Tribune.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

Notices For Rent or Sale, Lost and Found Wants, and other short miscellaneous advertisements inserted in this Department, in leaded Nonpareil type, on first or fourth page, at Publisher's option, for 1 cent per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 20 cents. Terms positively cash in advance.

Hay—Timothy Hay, mixed Clover Hay, Prairie Hay, Straw, Grain and all kinds of mixed feed for horses and cattle. Jno. S. McEachern, 211 Market St. Telephone 92. oct 17 tf

I offer to Discount any Price Lists for Groceries sent out by any other merchant by giving 5 cents worth more on their dollar off. If you don't believe it call on C. D. Jacobs, 219½ North Front street. oct 6 tf

The Dairy Restaurant No. 25 Market street is now open. Table first class. Open from 6 a. m. until 10 p. m. Give us a call. aug 15 tf

Hayden, P. H., has in stock buggies, road Carts and harness of all kinds. Repairing done by skillful workmen on short notice. Opposite new Court House.

200 Barrels

New River Mullets

JUST RECEIVED.

250 BOXES TOBACCO, all grades.

30,000 CIGARS.

For Sale at Rock Bottom Prices.

SAM'L BEAR, Sr.,

12 Market Street.

oct 25 tf

Nuts and Canned Goods.

Cocoanuts, Mixed Nuts,

CANNED PEACHES,

Tomatoes, Corn, Peas, Grapes, Okra and Tomatoes, Beans, Oysters, Beef, &c.

Staple and Fancy Groceries,

Provisions, Bagging and Ties.

HALL & PEARSALL,

Nutt and Mulberry streets.

oct 22 D&W tf

Christmas Greetings.

75 Bags COCOANUTS.
85 Barrels Baltimore APPLES.
75 Boxes Mixed NUTS.
90 Boxes L. L. RAISINS.
100 Boxes Cakes and CRACKERS.
200 Boxes STARCH.
25 Boxes Tin-Box Axle GREASE
and a heavy and comple stock of other Groceries.

W. B. COOPER,

226 North Water St.,

nov 8 tf D&W Wilmington, N. C.

A CARD.

If you want a nice Suit of Clothes call at MEYER'S Merchant Tailoring, 27 Market street, where Tailoring is done in all its branches. You will find the largest and best selected stock in Scotch, Cheviot, Worsted, Clay Diagonals, fine Trousers and Overcoatings, now on exhibition in Wilmington. Best styles, fit and workmanship guaranteed. Patterns cut to measure. oct 24 tf

Roger Moore,

104 North Water Street,

HAS FOR FARMERS AGRICULTURAL Lime and Land Plaster. For building—Common and Face Brick; Lime, Cement, Plaster Paris, Laths, Hair, Shingles, Fence Posts, Fire Brick, Fire Clay, Paints, Oils, Roofing, Tarred felt Sheathing Paper, &c. oct 15 1m

For Rent,

THE STORE No. 106 NORTH Water street, now occupied by J. L. Croom & Co. Apply to D. O'CONNOR, Real Estate Agent.

1w

FULL DRESS

SHOES.

LATEST STYLES.

PETERSON & RULFS,

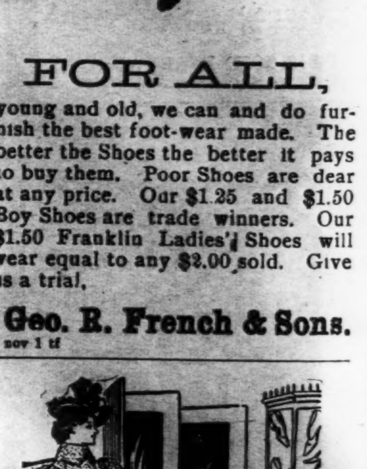
oct 29 tf 7 North Front Street.

FOR ALL,

young and old, we can and do furnish the best foot-wear made. The better the Shoes the better it pays to buy them. Poor Shoes are dear at any price. Our $1.25 and $1.50 Boy Shoes are trade winners. Our $1.50 Franklin Ladies' Shoes will wear equal to any $2.00 sold. Give us a trial.

Geo. R. French & Sons.

nov 1 tf



Our $1.50 line of Ladies' Dongola Shoes in all styles continues as popular as ever. Try them once and you will agree that they are as good as ever were made for that price.

We have real nice Shoes for Ladies at higher prices as well as lower grades at lower prices. We cordially invite any and all who wear Shoes to inspect our stock for what they need. Respectfully,

Mercer & Evans,

nov 8 tf 115 Princess St.

AND THE DOCTOR SAID:

"Take it to Nutt's Drug Store."

He knew that here his prescription would receive the best attention.

He knew that only the freshest and purest drugs would be used.

He knows it because he has been sending his prescriptions here for years, and has never had occasion to find fault.

Prescription filling is serious work.

NUTT'S Up-to-Date Drug Store.

sep 24 tf

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

Wilmington & Weldon R. R. Co.

NOVEMBER 3RD, 1896.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF THE Wilmington & Weldon Railroad Company have declared a dividend of three per cent. (3 per cent.) on the capital stock of that Company, payable to all stockholders of record of this date; dividend due and payable at the office of the Company at Wilmington, North Carolina, on and after November 12th, 1896. The Transfer Books will stand closed from this date to Nov. 1[illegible], 1896, inclusive.

JAMES F. POST, JR.,
Sec'y and Treas'r W. & W. R. R. Co.

nov 4 till nov 12